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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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For BEAUTY & COMPLEXION USE

AFGHAN SNOW
SOLE AGENT—
PATANWALA L^TD BOMBAY.3
Branch : CALCUTTA

TO-DAY, THE THIRD YEAR OF WAR

'BLITZ' MAN BUSY WITH 'BLEATS-KRIEG'

War-Weary Germany Faces Another Winter

FRESH BURDENS AND NO PEACE PROSPECT

LOSSES ON SOVIET FRONT NECESSITATE RECALL OF TROOPS FROM OCCUPIED EUROPE

As he enters the third year of War to-day (Wednesday) Herr Hitler finds himself confronted with the prospect, firstly, of a war-weary Germany facing another bleak war-winter, secondly, of a Britain of ever-increasing strength—despite his spectacular victories from the Arctic Ocean to the Mediterranean and the Atlantic to the Black Sea. He also finds Germany badly battered by the heroic Soviet forces.

The prospect of 'blitz' victory and speedy peace is receding farther and farther away and the rumblings of revolt in lands over-run by him are assuming more demonstrative forms in sabotage.

Meanwhile on the entire Soviet front fierce battle continues to rage and annihilating blows dealt by the Soviet forces have not only resulted in over two and a half million casualties,—one million killed,—but have also necessitated the recall of garrisons from the occupied countries including France, Belgium and Holland to fight on the Soviet front.

FIGHTING ON ENTIRE SOVIET FRONT

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The following is the text of a 'communique' the Soviet Information Bureau Broadcast by Moscow Radio at 11-00 G.M.T.:—

"During the night of September 1 our troops waged battles along the entire front."

A German 'communique' states on the Eastern Front operations are proceeding according to plan.

Guerrillas In Action

The success of Soviet guerrilla detachments operating in the Bessarabian District now occupied by German and Rumanian armies are described in a supplement to the Soviet midday 'communique.' "By bold raids, blowing up enemy's installations and starting fires, guerrillas are systematically sapping the forces of the enemy and destroying his ammunition and supplies."

It says: "During August, guerrillas destroyed 14 enemy tanks and armoured cars, 32 lorries with ammunition, 44 wagons with supplies and over 40 petrol dumps. During these operations guerrillas killed and wounded over 400 Rumanian soldiers and officers."

BLACK SEA PORTS RAIDED

During the past three days, bombers of the Black Sea Fleet Air Arm carried out several raids on ports and enemy troops. "Direct hits put one enemy vessel out of action and our pilots also destroyed over 50 armoured cars and many automatic weapons," adds the supplement.

In the Smolensk direction, our troops crushed infantry regiment of 161st division. Only eight to ten men remained in the regiment's companies.

GARRISONS FROM OCCUPIED AREAS

The supplementary 'communique' attributes to a German officer, Ludwic Robert, who was taken prisoner a statement that as a result of enormous losses on the Eastern Front, the German High Command had been obliged to recall German garrisons from occupied countries including France, Belgium and Holland. Some of them were reservists, originally replacing regular soldiers and these in turn now have been replaced by wounded men.

Staggering Nazi Losses

Soviet midnight communique states:—"During September 1, our toops fought the enemy along the whole front. Our Air Force continued to inflict concentrated blows on enemy panzer troops, infantry and artillery and to destroy aircraft on his aerodromes.

According to incomplete data 31 German planes were destroyed in air combats on August 30. We lost 16 planes."

The total number of German casualties on the eastern point to date was two and half million men including a million killed, according to a radio appeal to German listeners explaining why Hitler must lose the war.

During the first 22 days of August, the appeal declares, Germany lost 12 armoured divisions, 37 infantry divisions, eight motorised divisions, several S.S. divisions and 17 infantry regiments.

Finland has suffered much more in the last ten weeks than in the whole war of 1939, according to prominent Finnish representatives visiting Stockholm, says a Stockholm telegram to the Tass Agency.

Germany has thrown the whole burden of the war in the north sector upon the Finnish army but

(Continued on Page 7.)

ANOTHER WAR WINTER

Hitler Busy Preparing Dope For War-Weary German People

ZURICH, September 2.

A big Hitler speech giving a detailed review of war problems and preparing the minds of the German people for another winter of war is expected in Berlin early this month, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Swiss newspaper "Saint Gallen Tageblatt".

The correspondent says that Hitler will probably speak on the occasion of the inauguration of a Winter Relief Campaign and may make a strong appeal to the people to hold out.

NO PEACE THIS YEAR

"The German people know that peace can hardly be attained this year and foresee, not without anxiety, fresh heavy burdens which will be placed on German war production and supplies".

The correspondent adds it is, therefore, natural that the people should be awaiting a declaration from responsible quarters sufficiently inspiring to create fresh confidence.

NO ILLUSIONS

Germans have no illusions, according to an article in "Deutsch Allgemeine Zeitung", entitled "German Morale" which reveals war weariness of the people.

The writer says: "The German is fully aware that every hour and every day this great war demands even his life. He also follows the severe fighting against the Bolshevists. Perhaps he notices here and there the difference between his own desires and the general necessity.

DESIRES AND ANXIETIES

Naturally the desires and anxieties of the millions of people follow the battle between millions in the east. It is only understandable that these desires should grow persistent and more urgent as passing days bring reports of severity of the fighting".

The writer continues: "But who in Germany cannot realise that this historic battle on the broad eastern plain makes sacrifices necessary. Naturally anxiety over the fate of individuals comes to the fore: but if the German is naturally subject to his human emotions, he knows also how to adapt them to the interests of great and fateful demands of the community to which he belongs."—Reuter.

GIANT 'PLANES FOR SOVIET

American Speculation About "Red" Mystery Mission In U. S.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.

Five Russian officials have arrived at Sandiego, California, and are negotiating with the Consolidated Aircraft Corporation for the purchase of giant bombing planes.

Officers of the Corporation admitted that Russian sea planes which landed at Nome, Alaska, yesterday carrying 47 passengers had been secured from their Company through a deal made in 1937.

There is considerable speculation as to the purpose of the visit of the 47 among the Nome population where the planes landed to refuel and it is thought possible that they must be ferrying American planes back to Russia as most of them seem to be airmen. Another suggestion is that they are technicians coming to discuss technical problems.

An earlier message said that they were all fliers, mechanics and radio operators, led by Ikhail Gromov, a veteran Arctic flier, and that they were all believed to be provided with diplomatic passports.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

HITLER'S APPEAL.

MOSCOW, Sept. 2.

M. Lozovsky stated that Hitler had appealed to Mussolini to fill the gaps caused by the huge Nazi losses on the Eastern front.—Reuter.

BATTLE FOR LENINGRAD.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 2.

Well-informed Berlin circles "believe that the battle for Leningrad has already begun", says the Berlin correspondent of the "Dagbladet."

The Nazis claim that their troops have already penetrated the outer defences of the city at several points, he said, and their advanced troops are "in the vicinity of the city" "The final assault" may be expected any moment.

These claims are not mentioned by the Berlin correspondents of the "Dagens Nyheter" and Stockholm's "Tidningen" who merely report that incessant rain is hampering operations and further Russian forces were "Annihilated" south of Lake Ilmen.—Reuter.

NAZI CLAIM IN ODESSA

BERLIN, Sept. 2.

Rumanian troops captured Odessa waterworks which are outside the city, according to the German Official News Agency.—Reuter.

LAND SETTLEMENT IN KENYA

NAIROBI, Sept. 2.

The Governor of Kenya, Sir Henry Monckmason Moore, has appointed an Indian Land Settlement Board to examine available areas and prepare a settlement.—Reuter.

GEN. DENTZ TO BE RELEASED

VICHY, Sept. 2.

General Dentz, Formerly Vichy High Commissioner in Syria, who was held by the British pending the return of allied prisoners, is to be released according to the Vichy News Agency. The exchange of French and British prisoners following the events in Syria is practically completed, the Agency says.—Reuter

JAWAHAR INTERVIEWED

DEHRA DUN, Sept. 2.

Mrs. Vijyalakshmi Pandit had an interview with Mr. R. S. Pandit in Dehra Dun District Jail.

Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din from the Punjab interviewed Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in the District jail.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj left Dehra Dun after a fortnight's stay here for Nainital 'en route' to Wardha.—A. P.

The formal agreement, by which Great Britain leases for 99 years Atlantic bases to the United States of America, was signed in London. The signatories for Britain were Mr. Winston Churchill, Lord Cranbourne (Secretary of State for Dominion Affairs) and Lord Moyne (Secretary of State for Colonies). In this picture Mr. Churchill is seen signing the agreement with Mr. Winant, the American Ambassador on his right and Canadian High Commissioner Massey on his left.

Anniversary Messages

BRITISH FRONT SOLID AND UNBROKEN

"We Enter Upon Third Year Of War With Increasing Striking Power"

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The second anniversary of the declaration of war has been the occasion for some striking statements by British Ministers to Reuter's political correspondent.

Mr. Arthur Greenwood, Minister without portfolio and a member of the War Cabinet, said "To-day we enter upon the third year of the war. The final victory has continued to elude the grasp of Hitler. It is true that more territories have been brought under the yoke of Germany during the past twelve months. At the same time, he has involved himself in a new war on his eastern front—a war that is proving terribly costly in terms of time, draining away the life blood of German youth and consuming, like a raging fire, the military supplies of his land and air forces.

Meanwhile the deep-seated hostility of the conquered, terror-ridden and despoiled countries has begun to express itself on a growing scale in acts of sabotage both in production and transport and is creating new and anxious problems for the over-strained German military machine.

We enter upon the third year of the war with the British front solid and unbroken with our striking power increasing with every week and every month that passes and with unshakeable confidence in our ultimate victory over Nazi tyranny.

"CAUSE OF FREEMEN WILL TRIUMP."

Mr. Herbert Morrison, Home Secretary and Minister for Home Security, declared "two years of war—two years unique in history. To-day our thoughts turn to the first day with the first air raid warning and to all the mighty heroic events that have taken place since, from the tragedies of Poland and the other gallant countries that went down before Nazis' cruel and treacherous onslaughts to the ultimate collapse of France. Then came the battle of Britain, immortal victories fought against overwhelming odds by men of the R. A. F., months of savage and relentless bombing of the men, women and children of these Islands when the British people stood alone against the great aggressor and in their finest hour defied his every effort to break their spirit and their resistance.

Inspired by the splendid resistance of Soviet Russia with thousands of brave allied fighting men on our side, we are to-day on this anniversary more confident than ever that the cause of free men will triumph. But remember that victory will come only if each one of us more than pulls his weight.

SOUND FOOD POSITION.

The Food Minister Lord Woolton gave Reuter's the following message "since the time a year ago when the R. A. F. beat off German raiders in the first battle of Britain our food plans have been continually strengthen and improved. Our food reserves are larger—they are widely distributed throughout the country to increase self-sufficiency and to diminish the risk of destruction of stocks.

Mr. Alexander, the first Lord of the Admiralty, gave the following message: "The Navy had had two of the most strenuous years in the whole of its history in war time. How different the position is now from twelve months ago" With the victories of Taranto and Malapan, the evacuation of Greece and Crete, the destruction of the Bismarck and the ever-growing attack on enemy submarines in the Atlantic, the navy has demonstrated the great part which British supremacy at sea will play in winning the final victory for freedom.

TASK FOR CHURCHILL GOVERNMENT.

Reuter's political correspondent writes: The anniversary of the second year of war brings the Churchill National Government into its 17th month of office. In that period much has been done but the most fervent Government supporter will recognize that there is still a great deal more to do. In the last year the Government have experienced a series of ups and downs in the political field but at no time has there been any real that to their stability. They have experienced much criticism and had to weather difficult political storms but in main, both criticism and storms were directed to stimulating the Government to greater efforts in the fields of national defence.

ANTI-ARGENTINE PROPAGANDA

BUENOS AIRES, September 2.

After a further 78 packages which arrived in the Japanese steamer "Anamaru" consigned to the German Ambassador at Buenos Aires, had been examined yesterday by representatives of Home and Foreign Affairs and the Committee investigating anti-Argentine activities, it was revealed that the packages contained material for Nazi propaganda.—Reuter.

NOTICE TO READERS

Friday being Parsi New Year Day, the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Saturday.

Simla Circles Out For Nazi Purge

ANXIETY OVER DELAY IN IRAN ARMISTICE

Future Of German Nationals And Legation In Teheran

LONDON, September 2.

Although there is no confirmation in London of reports that Armistice terms have been signed between the British and Soviet Ministers and the Iranian Government, it is stated authoritatively that an agreement has been reached upon broad principles, which have been under consideration during the last two or three days by the British and Soviet Ministers in Tehran and by the Iranian Prime Minister and Foreign Minister.

It is understood that the two Iranian Ministers have manifested much good feeling and good sense in their conversations with the British and Soviet Ministers. Apart from the broad principles now agreed upon, there are a number of details which will require to be worked out.

No information is available as to the character of these details, but it is safe to assume that by the time they have been settled, the Germans will no longer be in a position to make trouble in Iran either for the British or the Soviet Governments or for the Iranian Government itself. It is known, however, that the question of continuance of the German legation in Teheran or of the disposal of its personnel is one of the matters of detail which will be worked out.

REACTIONS IN SIMLA

SIMLA, Sept 2.

Official circles in Simla are apprehensive that the position gained by Indian forces in Iran may be lost by lack of firmness in negotiations going on in Teheran. This fear is also apparent generally.

Particular stress is laid on the dangers and delays inherent in any proposals which may be made to evacuate the Germans from Iran through Turkey. Views generally expressed are that they should be dealt with as hostages of war.

The general feeling is that Allied Governments should take no chances in Iran, and that any weakness in their negotiations will merely conduce to establishing a further potential threat to India itself, which the Indian forces have been at such pains and sacrifices to prevent.

All Quiet In Iran

It is learnt that no further daily communiques on Iran operations are likely to be issued. It is authoritatively stated that all is quiet in Iran.—A. P.

SOVIET STOPS ADVANCE IN IRAN

A Moscow Order

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Soviet troops have received orders to stop further advance in Iran, according to the Moscow radio which this morning states "In view of the negotiations between the Soviet Union and Great Britain on the one hand and Iran on the other, Soviet troops have received orders to stop further advance".—Reuter.

Turkish Border Closed For Germans?

QUETTA, September 2.

The latest batch of travellers from Iran arriving in Baluchistan interviewed said that the Shah's 'cease fire' order was received throughout the country with great satisfaction. They pointed out that Britain's unequivocal declaration that she had no designs in Iran would evoke wholehearted co-operation from the Iranian Government for an amicable settlement of the dispute. The travellers denied all rumour of Allied bombardment of open

(Continued on page 7)

Axis Pressure On France

Outcome Of Dictators' Conference

ZURICH, September 2.

Indicating that the Hitler-Mussolini meeting will lead to a further pressure on France to join the "new order" Mussolini's newspaper "Popolo d'Italia" says: "There is place for all peoples in the new Europe."—Reuter.

FAZLUL HUQ FOR BOMBAY

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The situation arising out of the decision of the Muslim League Working Committee regarding the appointment of certain prominent leaguers on the Viceroy's Executive Council and the National Defence Council, was discussed for nearly two hours at a meeting of the Bengal Legislatures Coalition Party this afternoon.

It is learnt that the Bengal Premier, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, who has not yet resigned from the Defence Council, will leave for Bombay to-morrow in order to discuss the situation personally with Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the League, before coming to a decision.

RESPONSE TO JINNAH'S CALL.

It is stated that the Bengal Premier received a telephone message from the League President, Mr. Jinnah, this morning, requesting him to proceed to Bombay as early as possible in order to discuss the whole position with him.

At the Coalition Party meeting this afternoon, Mr. Huq referred to the message he had received from Mr. Jinnah and wanted to know what the view of the Party was. The Party, it is learnt, lent its support to the proposal of Mr. Huq's proceeding to Bombay immediately to meet Mr. Jinnah.—

HUQ TO MEET VICEROY.

It is learnt that Mr. Huq will have an interview with H. E. the Viceroy at Simla after meeting Mr. Jinnah in Bombay. It appears that Mr. Huq will not take final decision until he has met the Viceroy.—United Press.

ASSAM PREMIER & DEFENCE COUNCIL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The "United Press" learns that Sir Muhammed Sadullah, Premier of Assam, has not actually tendered his resignation from the National Defence Council. He is now in correspondence with H. E. the Viceroy and Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, on the subject.

Sir Muhammed Sadullah, who came to Calcutta on August 31, for medical advice, left for Assam to-day. During his stay here he had several meetings with Mr. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, and some other local leaders.—United Press.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of **ONE ANNA** per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately: A highly qualified and experienced Chemist for the manufacture of Acids & heavy chemicals and erection of new plants. Start according to qualifications from Rs. 400 to Rs. 600. Apply Box No. 15006, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Peon, knowing English up to Std. VI. must furnish written guarantee for rent collection. Pay Rs. 22/- or so. Write with full particulars of experience: Thakar, 31, Woodhouse Road, Fort. (15003)

Wanted—A Clerk, having knowledge of typing for Bombay Office of Aryasthan Insurance Co. Ltd., Security of Rs. 500/- required. Apply to or see personally the Agency Superintendent Mr. B. B. Shome at local office 6, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. (15002)

V-Victory for everybody in securing employment learning our "Specialized" Touch Typewriting monthly Re. 1/-. Ladies special arrangement. National Typewriting Institution, Dwarkadas Mansions, Sandhurst Road, (Marwadi Vidyalaya). (15001)

Earn Rs. 50 per month without investment or security. Wanted energetic candidates to represent for securing orders of High Class Art Calendars. Ask for our illustrated Free Booklet. Glasgow Printing Co., Howrah. (5642)

Wanted—200 Candidates for Station Master's training. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 35/- Apply with -/1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial and Telegraph School, Faiz-bazar-Chawk, Delhi. (14975)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, College students coached. Oral postal training. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (15007)

Matrics! become Graduates (Punjab University) with 15 months' home-study. Apply Dewan's Bhadarkali, Lahore. (14947)

336. BUSINESS FOR SALE.

To Be Sold or Let on Lease one Small Printing Press in Fort area. Apply to Box No. 14999, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agent (Ladies & Gents) Pay Rs. 150/- Bounds Prizes extra, Sell Woollen & Silk Products, Terms Liberal. Aryan Brothers Textiles, Ludhiana. (14987)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch. per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NATIONAL STUDIOS LTD.

TENDERS FOR LITHOGRAPHING CINEMA POSTERS

National Studios Ltd., invite tenders from lithographers for lithographing posters for their forthcoming six pictures as follows:—

SINGLE SHEET (30"x40")
7,000 for each picture
42,000 Total quantity required.

DOUBLE SHEET (40"x60")
3,000 for each picture
21,000 Total quantity required.

SIX SHEETS (60"x90")
1,500 for each picture
9,000 Total quantity required.

Lithographing will have to be done on good class poster paper in four or five colours. Designs will be supplied at the rate of one set single, double and six sheet relating to one picture per month and completed work will also have to be delivered in the same order.

Tenderers are requested to enclose samples and specifications of paper proposed to be used along with their quotations. Tenders addressed to the DIRECTOR IN CHARGE, NATIONAL STUDIOS LIMITED, TARDEO ROAD, BOMBAY, forms for which are available on application, must reach the office before the 15th of September, 1941.

5973.

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd September, 1941, at 1 P.M. (S.T.), (1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 28th February, 1941, (2) To declare a dividend and bonus, (3) To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election, and (4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd day of August, 1941, to the 3rd day of September, 1941, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Bombay, 30th July, 1941.

N.B.—The Dividend and Bonus, when declared, will be paid on and after MONDAY, the 8th September, 1941, between 12 noon and 3 P.M. on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 P.M. on Saturdays, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 21st August, 1941.

(5722)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential Agents to sell the remaining shares of Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd., of 3 and 4, Hare St., Calcutta. Dividend paid 10% on the first working year. Authorised Capital Rs. 25 lacs. Subscribed Capital Rs. 8,60,000/-. Paid-up Capital Rs. 2,55,000/-. The Syndicate has commenced its own building construction on Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. Apply to Mg. Director.

Wanted Agents to purchase our Tower Brand Washing Soaps Terms Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (14949)

Wanted Selling Agents for Relief Bust of Poet Rabindranath. Rs. 5/- each. India Model Mfg Co., 263/1, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta. (5359)

Public Notices

PUBLIC NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, TRINITY TIMBER SYNDICATE and TRINITY FURNISHING CORPORATION hereby inform the public and all concerned that Mr. KHAN SAHEB ABDUL LATIFF BAHADUR KHAN of Messrs. Loyal Contractors, who was looking after on our behalf to the inquiries and tenders invited by the Government in respect of Timber and Furniture Supply, has been DISCHARGED from his said duties by us. Henceforth he has no power or authority to do any such work on our behalf. If any person will deal with him in any manner for or in our name or on our behalf he will do so at his own risk and liability.

TRINITY TIMBER SYNDICATE.
and
TRINITY FURNISHING CORPORATION.

(5975)

THE TAPTI VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half-year ended 30th June, 1941, at the rate of 9% per annum, free of Income Tax, has been made payable at the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Bombay, on and after the 1st October, 1941, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Company's Register on the 13th September, 1941, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

Intimation of any change of address should be given to the undersigned immediately.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 15th September, 1941 to MONDAY, the 29th September, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd September, 1941.

(5977)

SANITARY INSPECTORS' CLASS

NOTICE

THE 1941-42 SESSION of the Sanitary Inspectors Class, held in co-operation with the Royal Sanitary Institute, London, and the Government of Bombay, will commence from 1st November, 1941. Applications for admission to the Class should be made to the Honorary Local Secretary, Public Health Deptt. Municipal Offices, Bombay, not later than 30th September, 1941. Graduates in Medicine and Veterinary Science, who wish to come in as Government nominees, must submit their applications to the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay, Poona through the Principals of the Medical Colleges and the Veterinary College respectively.

Attention of candidates who wish to come in as Government nominees is drawn to the accompaniment to Government Resolution in General Department, No. P-72, dated the 4th September, 1937. Further information in regard to the course, can be had from the HON. LOCAL SECRETARY, at the above address on application.

(5969)

Public Notices

G.I.P. AND B.B. & C.I. RAILWAYS.

SPECIAL NOTICE

INCREASE IN WHARFAGE CHARGES.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of the public that, with effect from 15th September, 1941, and until further notice, the rate of wharfage charged at Wadi Bunder, Byculla and Dadar Goods Depots, on the G.I.P. Railway and Carnac Bridge on the B.B. & C.I. Railway, will be increased to two annas per maund or part of a maund per day or part of a day instead of one anna charged at present.

(5972)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Civilian Draughtsman and Tracers in the Drawing Office of the Mechanical Training Establishment.

Candidates must have served an apprenticeship or received equivalent training as a Draughtsman or Tracer in an Engineering firm of repute for at least four years.

Candidates must be Matriculates and in addition to the above training they should have at least five years' experience as a Draughtsman or Tracer in a Drawing Office of an engineering firm. They should be able to read blue prints and be neat and tidy and quick in their work. Men with architectural experience need not apply.

PAY:

Rs. 130-5-160 per mensem, Draughtsman.

Rs. 60-5-90 per mensem (Senior) Tracers.

Rs. 50-5-80 per mensem (Junior) Tracers.

Written applications, stating age, experience and qualifications with copies of references should reach

The Officer-in-Charge,
Mechanical Training Establishment,
R. I. N. Depot, Bombay.
by the 10th September.

Personal and telephonic applications will not be considered.

(5978)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a qualified and experienced Physical Instructress for the Municipal Girls' School, New Delhi, in the grade of Rs. 150-10-200. Initial pay will be fixed according to qualifications.

Trained Graduate and Diploma holder from a recognised Institution of Physical Instruction preferred. Appointment will be on probation. Applications stating age with attested copies of certificates should reach the undersigned by the 15th September, 1941.

(Sd.) J. E. THAKAR DAS,
R.B., P.C.S.,
Secretary,
New Delhi Municipal Committee.

(5937)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JETHA KURPAL has contracted to sell to our clients Messrs. MORARJI PURSHOTTAM AFINI and GOPALDAS MORARJI AFINI free from all encumbrances and claims the land hereditaments and premises described in the Schedule hereunder written.

ALL persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, sale, gift, trust, lease, underlease, mortgage, charge, possession, maintenance, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise on the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece of Municipal leasehold land, admeasuring 382 Square Yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 30 of Lalbaug Estate of the Bombay Municipal Corporation in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, together with the buildings standing thereon and bounded on the North-East by the property of Esmail Ebrahim Akhalwaya and others, on the South-East by Government Gate Road, on the South-West by the property of Ravji Dhanji and on the North-West by a 20 feet Road bearing New Survey No. 2567 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 46/74 Parel Sewri Division and F. Ward No. 593 (7) and Street No. 182 Government Gate Road.

Dated this 2nd day of Sept. 1941.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(5976)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 134 BALES OF A. R. BUKHEDI, BUSOGA AND JINJA AFRICAN COTTON.

Under instructions from the Insurance Co. concerned Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 8th September 1941, at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Sewree Cotton Exchange lying on open jetha.

113 Bales A. R. Bukhedi
6 Bales A. R. Busoga
15 Bales A. R. Jinja
African cotton (all country damaged).

Terms—25 p.c. deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

ZANANA SHOW
To-day at 2 p.m. (Marathi)
Atre Pictures' Popular Hit
Charano-ki-Dasi
HINDI
PAYACHI DASI—Marathi
11th WEEK at
NEW WEST END
MARATHI: 4-30, 7-15 p.m.
HINDI: 10 P.M.
Tomorrow & Friday 4 Shows

TO-DAY
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
SISTER
Starring:
SHEIKH MUKHTAR, NALINI JAYWANT, HARISH, KANAIYALAL
Direction:
MEHBOOB
IN 5th WEEK
PATHE
Matinee on 4th & 5th (Parsi New Year) at 12-30
Other shows at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
METRO'S Most Mischievous Comedians
LAUREL & HARDY
In Their Funniest Picture
BONNIE SCOTLAND
Daily, 4-30, 7 & 10 p.m.
To-morrow Extra Show at 2 p.m.
APOLLO SURYA CINEMA
Tata Mill — Vincent Road

Enjoy Your
PATETI HOLIDAYS
TO-MORROW SPECIAL MATINEE AT 1-15 p.m.
8TH SUCCESSFUL WEEK
Ranjit's Powerful Present
PARDESI
Direction:
CHATURBHOOJ DOSHI
Daily at 4. 6-45 & 9-45
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR

SATURDAY 13th
THE FUNNIEST MARITAL 'ALL-OUT' LAUGH SHOW TO BLITZKRIEG THE SCREEN!

SARASWATI'S SCINTILLATING COMEDY
Navardev
(BRIDEGROOM)
Screenplay: PRINCIPAL ATRE
Direction: DADASAHEB TORNEY
Starring: SUMATI GUPTE
DEEPAK & DINKAR KAMANNA
From Sat. 13th Sept.
MAJESTIC
Distributors: Swastik India Ltd.

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
GORDON HARKER HARKER
in his latest Comedy Hit
SALOON BAR
with
ELIZABETH ALLAN

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
To-day Only:
"ARISE MY LOVE"
CLAUDETTE COLBERT
RAY MILLAND
TO-MORROW:
'GARDEN OF ALLAH'
MARLENE DIETRICH
CHARLES BOYER
From Friday::
'ANDY HARDY'S PRIVATE SECRETARY'
With MICKEY ROONEY

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
In Insolvency

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.				Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1	308	of	1933	Re:	Ardeshir Hormasji Nusserwanji Wadia.	First.
2	679	"	1936	"	Ganpant Narsinha Kamath.	"
3	295	"	1938	"	Chimanlal Jiwanlal Shah.	"
4	35	"	1939	"	Ignac Goldsteane.	"
5	51	"	1939	"	Quirino Louis Linhares.	"
6	65	"	1939	"	Kalingswami Bhimsen Holkar.	"
7	274	"	1939	"	Sitaram Vithal Pipalkar.	"
8	275	"	1939	"	Ivan Robert Honeyford	"
9	285	"	1939	"	Khimji Bhanji.	"
10	1	"	1940	"	Ardeshir Nusserwanji Todywalla.	"
11	2	"	1940	"	Herbert Roberts.	"
12	8	"	1940	"	Narayan Vishnu Karve.	"
13	10	"	1940	"	William James Topping.	"
14	36	"	1940	"	Kanmarth Kunhi Anant Nambiar.	"
15	44	"	1940	"	Mrs. George Bocaro.	"
16	97	"	1934	"	Hargowandas Karsondas Vajani.	First & final.
17	551	"	1936	"	Currrimbhai Naboobhai (Personal)	"
18	289	"	1937	"	Laxman Sawlaram Palyekar.	"
19	288	"	1936	"	Mohanlal Laxmidas (Personal).	Second.
20	182	"	1938	"	Eruchsha Shapurji Bengali.	"
21	180	"	1936	"	Edward Fredrick Lewis.	Third.
22	794	"	1936	"	Nusserwanji Byramji Motiwalla.	"
23	776	"	1935	"	Francis Agniar.	"
24	47	"	1940	"	Darasha Framji Jussawala.	Preferential distribution.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the office of the undersigned within fourteen days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the abovementioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims mus be sent to the undersigned within fourteen days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, dated this 1st day of September, 1941.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.

(5974)

BOMBAY BAKERS' APPEAL TO CITIZENS

The Secretary, the Bombay Bakers' Association, writes:—Since the commencement of hostilities prices of all foodstuffs have gone up from 25 to 100 per cent in the City of Bombay, but bread, a very essential food article, is still being sold at pre-war rates, and that too, in spite of the fact that raw materials going into the manufacture of bread have leapt up from 30 to 500 per cent over the old prices.

With a view to alleviate the grievances of the bakers and avoid difficulties, public and Government sympathy and support are solicited. It is hoped that the public will look at any rise in prices of bread with an eye of connivance and a sense of patronage and the Government will give the bakers facilities in the matter of Bakery Regulations in order to save them from ruin.

Lorry-owners Demand

"PLEA FOR MAXIMUM CARRYING CAPACITY DURING PETROL RATIONING"

With the introduction of petrol rationing and the consequent necessity for curtailing the mileage operated by goods vehicles, Bombay Lorry Owners' Association wishes to submit that it has become important that the maximum possible ton-mileage should be obtained from each gallon of petrol used. The recent amendment to Rule 27 of the Bombay Motor Vehicle Rules 1940 not only restricts the carrying capacity of goods lorries of Bombay City but also has resulted in the addition of a new sub-rule 27(2) reading as:—

"No registered laden weight shall be assigned to any vehicle which, when the pay-load is distributed in the vehicle in an even manner, would result in the axle weight of any axle exceeding the registered weight of such axle."

THE OBJECT OF SUB-RULE

The Association is of opinion that this new sub-rule serves no useful purpose as far as the objects of motor vehicle regulations viz. the preservation of public safety, and prevention of undue damage to road surface are concerned. As regards public safety, this Association can say on authority that there were no axle break downs in the absence of this new sub-rule and as to the second point, the necessity for that is fully appreciated by this Association but even then the new rule does not reduce damage to roads, for the following reasons:

(a) As far as rural roads are concerned, the rules have application only in the cities of Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad which are the only places not covered by the notification of government under reference.

(b) As regards the three cities, and particularly Bombay there is no fear of road damage being increased.

THE URGENT NEED

This Association therefore wishes to submit that whatever be the reasons that prompted the Government in incorporating the new sub-rule, its enforcement at the present moment is wholly inadvisable, and in view of petrol rationing the most urgent need at present is to increase the carrying capacity to the maximum.

Under the circumstances, the Association may be enabled to contribute its fair quota to the war effort by helping in the movement of goods from place to place.

Lastly, this Association earnestly urges the authorities to withdraw the sub-rule in question for the duration of petrol rationing in the light of the facts stated above.

Sensational Arrests At Central Bank

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An almost successful attempt to get money out of the Central Bank of India in the face of the vigilance of the issuing cashier, was alleged to have been made by two men on Monday evening.

A false cheque was actually cashed and money obtained, but the man who was running away with it was chased and arrested just outside the bank.

One of the two men concerned in the case, Laxman Narayan, is a peon in the bank. He and his accomplice, Uttamchand Govindji are alleged to have obtained possession of a stolen cash token of the bank. Uttamchand is then alleged to have prepared a false cheque, for Rs. 995.

It is further alleged that the signatures of the bank's officials were forged on the cheque which was mixed up with other cheques and placed on the cashier's counter by the peon.

The cashier duly called out Uttamchand, put the usual questions and paid out the amount covered by the cheque in exchange for the token. He may have had a faint suspicion at the back of his mind; and when Uttamchand grabbed the cash with suspicious suddenness and started running out, his suspicions crystallised and he raised an alarm.

Uttamchand was chased and arrested just outside the bank and later on Laxman Narayan, his alleged accomplice, was also arrested.

Both the men were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day and were ordered to be enlarged on bail.

Cuticura

OINTMENT
Cuticura has an almost medical efficacy in arresting itching, irritation and smarting, in drawing out inflammation and soreness and cleaning up skin troubles.
COMFORT FOR ACHING FEET

IT'S COLOSSAL—And THE STARS are GREATER
MAZHAR KHAN, BIBBO.... in
GREAT INDIA PICTURES
AKELA
5th Glorious Week
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 3.

Bombay I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. G. M. Nagpuri. 7-45 The third of September. 8 Sarinua Solo 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Amritial. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 to 9-30 Master Bhargavram. 12-30 p. m. Marathi Bhavageets. 12-45 Classical songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Songs from the screen. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 1-40 Regimental band of H. M. Grenadier Guards. 4-15 School broadcasts. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Vimal Patki. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 G. M. Nagpuri. 5-50 Marathi Bhavgeet. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Air Chorus party 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Local news and announcements in Hindustani. 6-30 to 7 Master Bhargavram. 7 The third of September. 7-15 P. D. Khadilkar 7-30 to 7-35 Orchestra. 7-35 to 7-45 News in Marathi. 7-45 to 8 Talk in Hindustani. 8 to 8-08 News in Gujarati. 8-08 to 8-13 Talk in English. 8-15 to 8-30 Talk by H. E. the Commander-in-Chief. 8-30 to 8-45 H. E. the Viceroy's broadcast. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 to 10-30 Brave anniversary. 10-30 to 10-45 Vimal Patki.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 With the instrumentalists. 8-15 Vimal Patki. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Subtleties. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Mahiya. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 A. Kerkar. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

51.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 G. M. Nagpuri. 8-10 Gat Tora on Tabla. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 to 9-30 Master Bhargavram. 9-30 Agnes Barrett. 9-50 Cesar Coelho. 10 to 10-30 As in Bombay 1. 10-30 to 11 Mehli Mehta.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Munni. 5-15 Bashir Ahmad Khan. 5-30 Patdeep on Jaltarang. 5-40 Mehboob Jan. 6-15 For women only. 7 Munni. 7-15 England against the Invader. 5. 7-30 Karim Khan. 7-40 Jangi Tarana. 7-45 Jang Ka Doosra Sal. 8 For villagers only. 8-30 The second year of the war. 8-45 Master Madan. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 It has happened. 9-50 Bashir Ahmad Khan. 10 Karim Khan. 10-20 Ghara on Sarangi. 10-30 Mehboob Jan.

LEST WE FORGET (SEPT. 3)

The Mighty Third of September dominates the week. What a regiment of events it calls up! How of all the days in the year it stands out as the day of days—the day when the armies of freedom marched to meet the menace of brutal autocrats!

All-India Radio, Bombay, is putting up a wealth of items to drive home to the listeners the full significance and development which has followed the momentous decision taken on this day two years ago.

At 7-45 a.m. Diwan Bahadur Jhaveri will give a talk in Gujarati reviewing the events of the year and showing the satisfactory progress made towards drawing the perfect "V" for "Victory."

Similar talks will follow in Marathi by Prof. N. R. Phatak and in English by Sir Cowasji Jehangir later in the day. Besides, there will be several relays including one by the Commander-in-Chief, talking from Delhi at 8-30 p.m.

At 8-45 p.m. the "The Progress of Our Arms, Their Gradual Advance to the Ultimate Destination of Victory," will be dramatised in Hindustani, while at 10 p.m. in a 45-minute feature, Menon and Rowdon will present in speech and sound the horrors of war as felt by the proletariat.

After the Marathi tradition, P. D. Khadilkar will recite a "Powada" composed by himself, in which he will sing the praises of the Maratha soldier fighting to-day as valiantly as he did under Shivaji some centuries ago. It will be broadcast at 10-45 p.m. on Medium wave.

Agnes, Pianist, will play the Russian Rachmanioff's Barcarolle and Romance followed by "The Sea" and "Mist on the Hills," pieces by English composers. At 10-45 p.m Mehli Mehta will give a 15-minute Violin recital consisting of music representing the great Democracies of the world; Elgar for England, Paderewski for Poland; Kaufmann for Czechslovakia; Tschaikowsky for Russia and Gardiner for America.

The entire European programme will be on Short wave.

"NO LONGER ALONE"

New Delhi, Sept. 2.

A special feature programme called "No Longer Alone" will be broadcast by B B C in the Home Service from 00.30 (I.S.T.) to 01.30 on September 3.

It begins with the declaration of war and the German allegation that the British Empire would crack up. Then come a series of brief flashes on the war in the past year, including Africa, Greece, Crete, the Atlantic, the American contribution etc.

The programme will be recorded in two parts and put out on the Empire services at the following times (I.S.T.):

Eastern transmission September 3 and 4 20.00 to 20.30, African Transmission September 4 and 5 02.30 to 03.00, Pacific Transmission September 4 and 5 10.30 to 11.00, North American Transmission September 3, 4 and 5 08-00 to 08-30.

A talk "A back-benchers memories describing scenes in Parliament two years ago will bb broadcast on Sunday, September 7, from 23.15 to 23-25.—A.P.

"THIRD OF SEPTEMBER"

A wealth of talks in all languages will be broadcast to-day (Wednesday), the mighty 'Third of September', the second anniversary of the war. Diwan Bahadur Javeri will speak at 7.45 a.m. in Gujarati, Prof. N. R. Phatak at 7 p.m. in Marathi, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan at 7-45 p.m. in Hindustani, relayed from Delhi, Sir Cowasji Jehangir at 8-8 p.m. in English, H. E. the Commander-in-Chief at 8-15 p.m., relayed from Delhi, and H. E. the Viceroy at 8-30 p.m., relayed from Simla. Besides these talks there will be two features, in Hindustani at 8-45 p.m. and in English at 10 p.m.

Rs. 12/8

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GOOD DEMAND FOR TATA STEEL DEFDS.

MILL SHARES STEADY

Scattered Realising Towards Close

Bombay: Sept. 2.

The local share bazar was fairly steady with moderate buying of a general nature helped improvement in quotations of active shares. The local market will remain closed on Thursday and Friday and naturally one cannot expect any big price movement. The market feeling remains constructive, but higher levels attract moderate realising with a view to replace in easier markets.

The industrial outlook is encouraging and while there is no definite development in the Near East, but some believe that it is something like a calm before the storm. Thus the market although is acting cautiously any unfavourable turn will be followed by impressive buying. Open speculative interest in the market is limited and outside business remains restricted.

In the local market Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2037 and advanced to Rs. 2045 when the improvement was checked and quotation receded to Rs. 2042. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 376 and improved to Rs. 377. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1220 and after advancing to Rs. 1226 sagged to Rs. 1223. Century Mills shares looked up to Rs. 515. A.C.C. also managed some recovery to Rs. 150/12 and Bellapurs were steady at Rs. 230. Towards the close Tata Steel Defds were in demand at about Rs. 2045. Ordinary shares quietened at Rs. 375. There was scattered realising.

Cash quotations were as under:—

BOMBAY DYEING 1155, NAGPUR RS. 342, CENTURY 487, COLABA 183/8, FINLAY 203, GOKAK 221, KOHINOOR 440, MORARJI 378, MYSORE 132, ANDHRA 1732, TRAM 142, POWER 1725, ALCOCK 575, A.C.C. 147/4, BELLAPUR 218, BURMA 465, CONSTRUCTION 114/4, SHIVRAJPUR 28, TATA STEEL DEFDS 2005, ORDINARY 373

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Bombay Dying (1216/4) 1220 1226 1223 1230 1237 1225
Century (508/8) 513 512 517 513/8
Central India (364) 366 371 370/8 374 371/8
Kohinoor (477) 478 477 481 479
New Great (279) 282 286 288 285
Simplex (140/12) 142/8 144 143
Swadeshi (364) 366 374 376 375 383 377
Associated Cement (149/12) 150/12
Andhra (1717/8) 1717
Tram. Ord. (157/8) 158
Tata Hydro (191/8) 191/8
Tata Power (1750) 1760 1755 1762
Tata Steel Defd (2032/8) 2037 2045 2041 2048 2046
Tata Steel Ordinary (375) 376 377 376
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (148/4) 149
Bellapur (228) 229 230
Bombay Steam (345) 352
Bombay Burma (492/8) 496 492 495 491 490.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Sept. 2.

100	Ahmed Advance	.....	326 4
250	BOMBAY DYEING	.....	1225 0
100	CENTURY	.....	513 8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	.....	371 8
100	COLABA	.....	211 8
100	Coorla	.....	125 0
250	David	.....	235 0
250	Dawn	.....	412 8
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	.....	2 4
100	FINLAY	.....	231 0
100	GOKAK	.....	222 0
1000	Hindustan	.....	2210 0
100	Indore	.....	166 0
100	Khatau	.....	197 8
100	KOHINOOR	.....	479 0
250	LAXMI	.....	590 0
100	MORARJI	.....	392 0
250	Model	.....	145 0
100	NEW GREAT	.....	285 0
100	Oosmanshahi	.....	101 0
100	Phoenix	.....	330 0
25	Sassoon Silk	.....	76 0
1000	Sholapur	.....	3825 0
50	Simplex	.....	143 0
100	SWADESHI	.....	377 0
100	SWAN	.....	216 0
500	Vishnu	.....	1312 8
1000	Western	.....	1340 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	.....	113 0
25-50	Central	.....	47 14
500	Imperial	.....	1551 4
125-500	Imp. Conty.	.....	397 6
50-100	India	.....	144 8
100	Reserve Bank		109 8
5	Union	.....	7 0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	.....	150 12

INSURANCE

100	Empire	.....	700 0
15-100	Jupiter	.....	14 14
20	Mercantile	.....	70 4
15-75	New India	.....	48 0
200	Oriental	.....	4195 0
10-50	Vulcan	.....	9 4

ELECTRIC

100	Ahm. Old	.....	186 8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	.....	1717 8
10	Ajmer	.....	12 8
50	BOMBAY TRAM	.....	157 8
100	Bombay Suburban	...	18 4
10	Broach	.....	13 6
100	Karachi	.....	206 0
100	Poona	.....	217 8
100	Surat	.....	188 0
100	TATA HYDRO	.....	191 8
1000	TATA POWER	.....	1762 8

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	...	397 0
100	C. Province	.....	105 8
100	Dhond Baramati	.....	104 4
100	Gujarat	.....	105 0
100	Mandra Bhon	...	103 0
100	Pachora Jamner	.....	80 0
100	Sara Sirajganj	.....	105 0
500	Tapti Valley	.....	650 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	.....	4 9
2sh	Indian Copper	...	2 1 6
10	Indian Iron and Steel	.....	33 4
10	SHIVRAJPUR	.....	33 4
10	Mukund Iron	.....	12 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	.....	2046 4
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	.....	376 0
10	Steel Corporation	.....	19 6

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	.....	597 0
10	Air Services	.....	2 14
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	.....	230 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep	.....	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	.....	352 0
125	B. Burma	.....	480 0
50	Burma Cont.	.....	168 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	.....	3 6
100	IND. BLEACHING	.....	136 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	.....	49 0
100	Indian Radio Def	.....	605 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	.....	588 12
100	Port Canning	.....	94 8
30	PREMIER CON.	.....	118 0
15	Scindia	.....	25 4
25	Tata Oil	.....	54 8
100	Wimco	.....	216 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	...	1570 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	.....	313 12
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T. F.)	.....	76 12
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	.....	646 4
6 1/4	p.c Prem Const 1st	...	122 8
6 1/4	p.c Prem Const 2nd	...	117 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	.....	158 2
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	.....	1620 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	.....	213 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	.....	149 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	.....	737 8

DEBENTURES

4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	...	106 0
4	p.c Bom Telephone	.....	50 4
5	p.c. Morarji	.....	103 4
5	p.c. Sholapur	.....	71 6
4-1/2	p.c. Tata Power Deb	...	105 8

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 2.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/5 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4 D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 332 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/8
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 305; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 56 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/8; D D Gld 57 1/8
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates Sh 1/8 1/8
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123, D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh 0-3 3/16
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5. 21.5.
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Closed.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready: 23 7/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call unquoted.
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent.
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent.
9 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Very easy.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yarn No.	Oct.	Decr.	February
6 1/2s.	201	201	202
10 1/2s.	230	231	232
20 1/2s.	318	320	321
40s.	525	530	535

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

1457 packages dry fruits, 53 pkgs orange juice, 126 bags cummin seed, 131 bgs gra. 128 bags raisin, 102 bags sardines, 772 bgs gum, 370 bgs poppy seed, 70 bags fish manure, 2103 bags dry dates, 100 drums paint, 33 bdls wln carpets, 225 bdls G I plain sheet, 191 bdls black iron sheets, 315 bdls wooden staves, 200 bdls galvd steel plain sheets, 100 bdls iron sheets, 430 bdls galvd iron wire, 53 bdls galvd iron pipe, 79 pcs M S angles, 49 cases iron rivets, 52 nongs empty cylinders, 30 cases iron wire nails, 75 coil galvd plain iron sheets, 59 c/s cotton pcegoods, 100 bls cotton, 101 tins refined cocoanut oil.

EXPORTS

Bombay, Sept. 2.

100 bales raw cotton M Chandulal and Co; 56 bales cotton pcegoods G N Musary; 29 cases chrome leather tanned D Abraham and Sons; 27 bales cotton pcegoods Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd; 30 dms castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 297 bales wool raw A J Calcuttawalla and Co; 21 bales cotton pcegoods The Jeessain Carpet Co; 21 bales cotton pcegoods W A Bearsell and Co Ltd; 109 bales cotton twist waste Jani and Co; 17 bales cotton pcegoods Century Spg and Mfg Co Ltd; 24 bs cotton pcegoods M Jani and Sons; 21 bales cotton pcegoods W H Brady and Co; 23 bales cotton twist waste Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 20 bales cotton pcegoods M Bulakhidas; 15 bales cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 19 bales cotton grey yarn The Bombay Co Ltd; 80 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Co Ltd; 300 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 66 pkgs cotton pcegoods M H Zakkai; 321 bales hemp raw D Anandji; 320 bags myrabollams Y Ramchandra and Co; 334 bags myrabollam crushed J Hasmukhlal and Co; 100 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 85 pkgs gum A Abdulla and Co; 200 bags gum Damji Mavji and Co; 1718 bags gum Narsi Mulji and Co; 850 bags gum M Kantilal; 1256 bags gum S D Dharsi; 37 cases brassware W A Williamson Ltd; 16 bundles wln carpets Yusef Abdul Karim; 53 bales cotton grey yarn Jethabhai Jeevan and Co; 110 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 101 bales raw wool Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 850 bags commin seed Habib Rawji Co; 300 bags celery seed Habib Rawji Co; 631 bags dry ginger Habib Rawji Co; 1186 linseeds M Bhuta and Co; 500 bags fennel seed Habib Rawji and Co; 19 bags squills cut ET P Varghese and Brother; 54 bags coriander seed Keshavji Virji and Co; 567 bags myrabollam crushed P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 100 bales cotton waste P D Vora and Co; 50 bales cotton waste T Laxmidas and Co; 19 bales cotton pcegoods B Balwant and Co; 12 bales cotton pcegoods Manekji and Co; 25 bales cowhides tanned P E Boyce and Son; 364 bags dry ginger S M Rajgor and Co; 34 bags dry ginger K M Nathoo; 128 bags corriander seed S M Rajgor and Co; 700 bags cummin seed S M Rajgor and Co; 65 bags niger seed S M Rajgor and Co; 274 bags celery seed S M Rajgor and Co; 5333 bags gr nut kernels The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 1550 bags squills Habib Rawji and Co; 37 cases sandalwood oil Sorabji Nowroji and Co; 25 bs lamb skins Kanaylal Deepchand.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yellow Metal Sheet ..... Rs. 85
Copper Sheets ..... Rs. 86
Tone:—Steady.

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Sept. 2.

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 96/8; 28 87/12; 35 87/4; 42 86/8; 49-56 85/8.
Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21 Rs. 96/8; 24 93/8; 28 92/8; 35 88/4; 42 87; 49-56 85.
Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 53; Rosita Rs. 52; Country make Rs. 43; Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 23/12 per cwt.
Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 55 per qr.
Settlement rates:—
Copper sheets Rs. 86/10; Poeh Rs. 87/2.
Pigiead 'B.M.' Rs. 23/4; Tin Ingot Penang Aso Rs. 54.
Market Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yesterday's steadiness in the market continued to-day also and textiles were more prominent. Tata Deferreds opened a little higher at 1995 and were done upto 2005. Tata Ordinaries after opening at 374 moved between 373 and 374/8 closing finally at 373. Bombay Dyeings forged ahead to 1165. Ind. irons also improved to 33/4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1990) 1995 2005 2000
Tata Ordinaries (372) 374 73 74/8 73

Tata Ordinary 373. Tata Deferred 2000. Indian Iron 33/4, Steel Corpn of Bengal 19/6, Bombay Dyeing 1165, Central India 342/8, Century 490, Gokak 221/14, Kohinoor 433/12, Simplex 134, Andhra Valley 1720, Tata Hydro 186/14, Tata Power 1722/8, Associated Cement 147/8, Belapur 216/14, Bombay Burma Old 470.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 2.

2 3/4	per cent 1948/52 Loan	97-12
3 1/2	per cent G P Notes	96-0
3 1/2	per cent 1941 Bonds	100-1
3	per cent 1951/54 Loan	99-12
3-1/2	per cent 1947/50 Loan	103-4
4	per cent 1960/70 Loan	110-8
4	per cent 1943 Bonds	104-0
3	per cent War Bonds	102-1
4	1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	113-14

TAX FREE LOANS

5	per cent 1945/55 Loan	111-5-6
4	per cent 1953/63 Mysore	116-8
5	per cent 1955 Mysore	127-0

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4	per cent B P T	1947 110-0
4	per cent M Deb	1947 110
5	per cent M Deb	1956 116-0
6	per cent M Deb	1954 129-4
6	per cent K P T	1956 129-12

Tone:—Firm.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yesterday New York cotton market was closed. The local market which was strong yesterday on heavy short covering and closed at Rs. 281/4 for Broach A/M delivery, opened quiet at Rs. 279. There was utter absence of any important buying and prices receded to Rs. 277/8 on general liquidation on reports of rains in Gujarat and somewhat disquieting advices from America regarding Japanese situation at the decline there was scattered buying and the market was quietly steady at Rs. 278.

There was further buying and some covering which improved prices to Rs. 280/8. At this level there was renewed selling and prices again declined to Rs. 277/8. There was further selling and prices declined to Rs. 276/4. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M ..... Rs. 277/12
Oomra D/J ..... Rs. 221/0
Bengal D/J ..... Rs. 164/0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: Sept. 2.

	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Broach No. 2	248	245	242	240
M G Punjab/American	303	300	297	295
M G Surat	377	374	371	369
M G Rajpipla	373	370	367	365
M G Navsari	385	382	379	377

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Bengal Fine	167/70
Berar	213/21
C. P. 1	228/31
C. P. 2	225/31
Khandesh	173/93
Muglai	193/98
Broach	243/48
Broach Low	213/18

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: Sept. 2.

RECEIPTS INTO BOM. OF IND. COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	31-8-41	Since 1st Sept. This year.	Last year
Khandesh		100,995	86,444
Central India	275	149,983	109,361
Barsi and Nagar	303	125,098	114,118
Hyderabad/Gaorani		50,854	48,009
Berar		386,742	318,618
Central Provinces		78,308	76,962
Total Oomras	578	891,980	722,712
Dholeras	83	102,458	89,497
N.-W. Provinces		2,049	25,079
Rajputana		6,778	35,228
Sind-Punjab		578,393	387,570
Broach		299,943	409,044
Coompta and Dharwar		155,178	53,357
Westerns-Northerns	305	113,567	38,178
Cocanada		239	86
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		16,998	1,412
Total	966	2,159,475	1,762,963
Arrived by road to 28th August 1941		376,133	319,387

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Wheat	January	.....	0 8 0
Wheat	May	.....	0 12 0
Linseed	May	.....	1 7 0
Groundnut	February	.....	7 4 0
Castorseed	May	.....	8 0 0
Cottonseed	January	.....	2 12 0
Silver	1st settlement	.....	0 4 0
Silver	2nd settlement	.....	0 11 0
Gold	1st settlement	.....	0 2 0
Gold	2nd settlement	.....	0 8 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 1-9-41	292000	380000
Receipts yesterday 1-9-41	.....	.....
Export to date 29-8-41	38000	53000
Stock at Ports 29-8-41	3109000	2568000
Stock at Interior towns do.	3009000	1883000
Stock at Liverpool 29-8-41	.....	.....
Visible supply 29-8-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 29-8-41	495000	481000
Quantity out of sight 29-8-41	.....	.....

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 658 cent points at 331.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
September from Bond Rs. 12/13
Shipment June Rs. 9/12 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 9/8 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 14/12 to 15/4
Large grain Rs. 14/5 to 16/10.
Tone:—Steady.

London Stock Exchange

London: Sept. 1.

The Stock Exchange had generally a quiet session but apart from considerable profit-taking in Home Rails, prices were mostly fully steady and often tended higher. Gilt-edgeds recorded small advances, while among Industrials Breweries and Tobaccos responded to renewed interest and Austin Motors were a firm feature. Anglo-Iranians were again supported among Oils, while Diamonds improved on fair local interest and Japanese Bonds continued to appreciate, but Kaffirs were featureless.

Wall Street market was closed.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay: Sept. 2.

		Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts	February—			
Opening		49	10	0
Highest		48	10	0
Lowest		47	2	0
Closing		47	13	0
Cottonseed	September—			
Opening		24	8	0
Highest		24	11	0
Lowest		24	8	0
Closing		24	10	0
Cottonseed	January—			
Opening		26	10	6
Highest		26	11	0
Lowest		26	3	0
Closing		26	6	6
Castorseeds	September—			
Opening		39	14	0
Highest		40	4	0
Lowest		39	8	0
Closing		39	8	0
Castorseeds	May—			
Opening		44	4	0
Highest		44	6	0
Lowest		43	8	0
Closing		43	8	0

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS FEAR CROP DAMAGE

UNWANTED RAINS OVER COTTON BELT

Bombay: Sept. 2.

The New York and New Orleans markets were closed on Monday on account of Labour Day.

The market at the moment is influenced by unwanted rains over several parts of the Cotton Belt with fears of serious insect and weevil damage. The next Bureau report due on the 8th inst. will help the cotton trade in ascertaining the extent of damage done.

There exists considerable difference of opinion about the damage, but this year the crop being late is likely to be on the defensive.

Private crop estimates will be released now and the market will be influenced by them. In view of hardening parity price, it is expected that, if price control is affected the same would raise the ceiling limit.

The position of the market is healthy and while much depends upon textile demand and hedge selling, the general feeling is constructive. Upto now we have seen some important selling around 17.50c and it remains to be seen whether American cotton growers will be satisfied at this price for this year's crop.

N. E. INDIES

A cable states that the Netherland's East Indies authorities are enquiring whether it is possible to ship more cotton and other textiles to Batavia, especially from British India mills. The enquiries are the direct result of the mutual freezing of Japanese and Netherland East Indies' assets. The enquiries also cover Lancashire products, but no great increase is expectable at present in their case. It is officially denied that any trade talks are progressing between Japan and N. E. Indies, but both sides are at present exploring the possibility of individual trading transactions under licence without infringing strictly enforced freezing regulations.

LOCAL MARKET

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—

Frenzied short covering and buying by option dealers locally resulted in a sharp rise in prices. Excepting Kathiawar, several centres in Gujarat reported yesterday useful scattered rain and other cotton districts had also beneficial showers. Much coveted President Roosevelt's address yesterday failed to show any appeasement and the inferences stressed the grim fight for the destruction of Axis dictatorship. Similarly, Japanese premier chief's broadcast showed bellicose attitude. With falling demand for spot from Liverpool, in consequence of their having secured Brazilian and Belgium-Congo cotton, local optimism seems somewhat misplaced. Furthermore, recent heavy short covering has weakened technical position. Hence, for quick turn, we prefer short sales on all advances.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Sept. 1.
Highest Lowest Closing at 5 p.m.

Broach A/M	281 1/2	275	281 1/4
Oomra D/J	225 1/4	216 1/2	226 1/4
Bengal D/J	167	162	167

HOLIDAYS IN COTTON MARKET

THE LOCAL COTTON MARKET WILL REMAIN OPEN FROM 12 TO 3 P.M. ON THURSDAY, THE 4TH INST. AND WILL ENTIRELY BE CLOSED ON FRIDAY, THE 5TH INST., BEING PARSI NEW YEAR AND ANANT CHATURDASHI.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02¼ to 4.03 1/2 at London and New York was closed.

London Silver quotations were unchanged with spot 23 1/2d and forward 23 7/16d. The market was very quiet. Official sources supplied the trifling trade demand. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3 and forward parity was Rs. 62/8. The local market was quiet with scattered selling and quotations were as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready	Rs. 42 3 0	62 14 6
Bhadarva	Rs. 42 3 0	62 15 0
Aso	Rs. 42 2 3	62 15 6

Sovereigns: Rs. 28/9.

LONDON SILVER

London: Sept. 1.

Spot 23 1/2
Forward 23 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London: Sept. 1.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Pepper	Spot per candy	97 0 0
Delivery	Bhadarva Sud 15	96 8 0
Delivery	Maha Sud 15	103 8 0
Ginger	bleached Spot	32 0 0
Ginger	Delivery Maha Sud 15	30 8 0

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Linseed	September	6 9 0
Linseed	May	9 12 3
Wheat	September	5 1 6
Wheat	January	6 7 0
Wheat	May	6 11 6

LONDON WHEAT

London: Sept. 1.

Rozario Santa Fe 21 Sept/Oct. quoted.
Barletta Russo 20/9 Sept/Oct quoted.
South Australian 27/6 Sept/Oct quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London: Sept. 1.

9 YEARS' SUFFERING EASED IN A DAY

'A New Woman at 61' —Thanks To

IRVING'S **Yeast-Vite** TONIC TABLETS

Dear Sirs,

Reading your advt. one day when in great pain with Gastric Ulcers, I sent my husband to get a bottle of "Yeast-Vite" to try.

When I tell you I had just got to that stage when I had given up all hope, after having X-ray treatment, and having been ill for 9 years, you cannot wonder I felt down. I was always being doubled up in pain, sometimes I could not even walk, so feel I must thank you for your wonderful "Yeast-Vite" tablets. After taking one day's tablets the pain began to ease, and now I am thankful to say I have not a pain, and I feel a new woman. My age is 61.

I told my neighbour about them, she suffers with sleeplessness, and they have also done her good. I shall certainly never be without them now, and I shall be only too pleased to advise anyone who tells me they are suffering to try "Yeast-Vite."

Sincerely yours, M.S.

Rheumatism In Ankle

Now Walks Without Pain at 74

Dear Sirs,

Just a line to thank you for the good Yeast-Vite has done me. I had Rheumatism in the ankle, and seeing your advert, I got a bottle. I have had 6 bottles and am happy to say I can now walk without any Pain and I feel better in myself. I think it is wonderful considering I am 74 years old. I shall always recommend Yeast-Vite. Once more thanking you.

Yours Respectfully,
(Sgd.) R.D.

THE SECRET

The Secret of the immense success of Yeast-Vite lies, of course, in the fact that it is a most accurate scientific combination of PURE MEDICINAL YEAST (Saccharomyces Cerevisiae), especially rich in Vitamin B, and other wonderful tonic ingredients as prescribed by leading specialists. Yeast-Vite is the record QUICK Tonic.

NO RELIEF—NO PAY

Have you ever actually accepted our world-famous "No Relief—No Pay" offer? Do so NOW! If you are feeling Run-down, Out of Sorts, Headachy, Rheumatic, or in any way below par. Simply obtain a bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Chemist or Stores. Take as directed and, if you are not thoroughly satisfied, post the empty carton to us with Guarantee Seal attached, and your money will be refunded in full. **Irving's YEAST-VITE TONIC TABLETS from all Chemists and Stores.**

Sole Manufacturers:
IRVING'S YEAST-VITE, LTD.,
WATFORD, ENGLAND

THE BANK OF BARODA LTD

(Incorporated in Baroda Liability of Members being limited.)

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF AND LARGELY SUPPORTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF H. H THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR.

CAPITAL AS ON 31-12-1940

Capital Authorised	..... Rs.	2,40,00,000
Capital Issued and Subscribed	..... Rs	1,20,00,000
Capital paid up on 31-12-1940	..... Rs.	60,00,000
Reserve Fund	..... Rs	55,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: BARODA.

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad	Dabhoi	Patan
(Bhadra)	Dwarka	Petlad
Ahmedabad	Harij	Port Okha
(Panchkuva)	Kadi	Sankheda
Amreli	Kalol	Sidhpur
Bhavnagar	Kapadwanj	Surat
Billimora	Karjan	Visnagar
Bombay	Mehsana	(N. G.)
Calcutta	Navsari	Vyara

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest allowed at 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances from Rs 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interests which does not come to Rs. 5 per half-year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS:—Received for long or short periods. Terms on application.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT at BARODA. Rates of rentals on application

W. G. GROUNDWATER,
General Manager.

NIGHT COUGHING CAN OFTEN BE PREVENTED

If your child often coughs at night because of even a slight cold—do this at bedtime: Thoroughly massage Vicks VapoRub on throat, chest, and back. VapoRub's poultice-vapor action tends to keep the air-passages clear, helping to maintain normal breathing through the nose, and so reducing mouth-breathing (the frequent cause of night coughs). Try it tonight—learn for yourself another reason why VapoRub is a family standby in more homes than all other medications of its kind put together.

VICKS VAPORUB

NEW YORK COTTON 22 POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

OCTOBER

New York, Sept. 2.

Previous closing	16.99
To-day's opening	17.12
Difference	+13
To-day's closing	17.21
Difference	+22

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 280

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 2.

The New York cotton displayed considerable activity on continuance of unfavourable weather reports which stimulated enquiry but lack of fresh developments restricted fresh demand.

Trading in October began at 17.12 i.e. thirteen points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on trade and local enquiry with some outside support.

The following are opening ranges:—
October 17.12/12
December 17.28/26
March 17.51/48

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, Sept. 2.

Castorseeds August September (£20 7/8) £20 7/8

Linseed Bombay Calcutta August September (£20 1/2) £20 1/2

Linseed La Plata September (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Groundnut Coromandal Coast August September (£19) £19 1/4

JUTES

Dundee September October (£56) £56 nominal

Lightning September October (£51) £51 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 11/16d value) 13 11/16d value

Forward November (13 11/16d value) 13 11/16d value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£256 3/4 buyers; £257 1/4 sellers. Dull) £256 1/4 buyers, £256 1/2 sellers. Dull.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Lead (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 8 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 2.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 2.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 2.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 2.

Spot (23 1/2) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-6 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 7/8 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 7/8 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent

6 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

London, Sept. 2.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 2.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 1/4.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 2.

5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 7/8) £103 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£81 3/4) £81 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£105 1/8) £105 5/16
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/4) £99 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 5/8) £114 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 5/16) £105 7/16
New York Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 3/4) £111 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (14-0) 13-10
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (37-3) 37-3
Electric Music Industry (12-5) 12-7
Frinchin Johnson (23-1) 23-1
Imperial Chemicals (31-9) 31-10
Woolsworth New Ordinary (58-0) 58-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£65 1/2) £66
Dundee (35-3) 35-6
Unilever Ordinary (25-3) 25-6
Ford Motors (21-0) 20-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£62) £61 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (£4 11/32) £4 7/16
Carreas 'A' (£4 31/32) £4 31/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£5 7/8) £5 1/32
P and O Def (27-1) 26-10
Distillers (68-6) 68-6
Bredfords Dye (5-7) 5-7
British Celanese (5-3) 5-3
J and P Coates (35-10) 36-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-3) 31-4
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-6) 4-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (16-4) 16-6
Inter Nickel (dol 3/4) dol 41 1/8
Indian Iron (50-0) 50-7

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-4) 19-4
Donaro Tea (28-1) 28-1
Empire of India (18-9) 18-9

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-3) 15-3
Guia Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-3) 27-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (17-6) 17-6
Burma Corporation (6-3) 6-3
Rio Tintos (£6) £6
East Rand Properties (£2 7/32) £2 1/4
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 5/8) £10 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (55-0) 55-7
Trinidad Leasehold (66-3) 67-6
Sub Nigel (£7 3/16) £7 3/16
Spring Mines Split Shares (£1 1/32) £1 1/32
Union Corporation (145-0) 146-3

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (29-4) 30-0
Anglo India (41-3) 41-3
Burma Oil (£2 15/18) £2 15/16
Mexican Eagle (9-0) 9-4
Shell Transport (£2 19/32) £2 19/32
Royal Dutch (£19 1/4) £19 1/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£42) £42
London Midland Ordinary (£15 3/8) £15 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 9/16) £1 11/16
London Southern Defd (£14 3/8) £14 3/4
London Transport (£42 1/2) £42 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£123 1/2) £123 1/2

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 2.

Reports of scattered showers at Veraval and Gir with beneficial rains in Mogalai District induced some realising in groundnut market. It is said that the rain will save the crop from a disaster, but it cannot increase the crop. However there exists wide difference between ready and forward quotations. Ready groundnuts bold were offered at Rs. 8/2 and Madras quality was placed at Rs. 8/4. Groundnuts February opened at Rs. 48/8 and after declining to Rs. 47/13 recovered to Rs. 48/2. Castorseeds were at Rs. 7/15 for ready and forward was Rs. 44. Castorseeds was quoted at Rs. 25/8. Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 8/13/6 to Rs. 8/14, while September opened at Rs. 6/8/9 and improved to Rs. 6/9/6. May was quoted at Rs. 9/12/6. Delhi Picci was done at Rs. 5/14/6 and Karachi Bangla was done at Rs. 6/18/6. September was quoted at Rs. 5/2/3 and January was quoted at Rs. 5-7-9, while May was quoted at Rs. 6/12/6.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London: Sept. 1.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	89 1/8
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	98 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	81 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	105 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	105 5/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	114 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	111 3/4
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	80
National Bank of India	31 3/4

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Sept. 1.

T T London on New York 4.02¼/4.03⅛; Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47. Berne 17.30/17.40 Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

AHMEDABAD SHARE QUOTATIONS

Ahmedabad: Sept. 2.

Calico 954 1/2, Ambika 341, Jupiter 236 1/2, Marsden 141 1/2, Monogram 99 1/2, Ordinary 376, Telia 68 1/2, Gujrat Cotton 35.

KARACHI.—The average annual consumption of Khaddar in Sind is calculated at Rs. 2,50,000 while the population of the Province is 45 lakhs. This works out to one anna worth of Khaddar per head per annum.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE FIRM

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The market condition ruled very firm and active and large turnover took place in all sections. Most prominent features were jutes, cottons, teas, coals and popular miscellaneous industrials. Speculative Engineering concerns were also firm. Government securities were unchanged.

The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102/5 small lot; 3 per cent Defence Loan 1949/52 99/13; 3 per cent loan 1965/55 95/2; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 96; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 103/3/6; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1954/59 102/11; 3 per cent U P Loan 1961/66 95/5 small lot; 5 per cent P Bonds 1944 106/11/6; 3 per cent U P 1952 99/4.

Banks: Central Bank 47/4 ex div; Imperial Bank fully paid 1577/8; Reserve Bank 110.

Jutes: Agarpara 31/4; Alexandra 228; Alliance 328; Anglo-India 367; Auckland 195; Baily 250; Barnagore 112; Belvedere 407/8 ex div; Birla 29/8; Budge Budge 378; Champdany 182; Cheviot 206; Fox Glosster 654; Ford William 264; Gouripore 704 small lot; Hooghly 66; Howrah 57; Kamarhatty 522 ex div; Kanknarrah 421 ex div; Kinnison 598; Lawrence 426 small lot; National 24/9; New Central 325 ex div; Nuddea 70/4; Presidency 6; Reliance 59/12.

Eng. Companies: Burn and Co ord 438; Hukumchand Steel ord 14/7; Indian Galvanizing 30/1; Indian Iron and Steel 32/3; Indian Malleable Castings defd 2/15; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 60; defd 40/4; Steel Corpn ord 19/5; Pref 120.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 4/10 ex div; Consolidated Tin 2/12; Indian Copper 2/2; Dalmia Investment ord 13/5 small lot; Alkali and Chemical ord 19/10; British Ceylon Corpn ord 4/13; B I Corpn ord 4/13; Indian Cables 27/4; Indian Rubber Manfg 29/4 small lot; Indian Wood Products 27/10; James Wright ord 5/10; Defd 1/9; Kohtas Industries pref 174; British Burma Petroleum 3/9; India Paper Pulp 150; Orient Paper ord 14/8; Sree Gopal Paper 13/9; Star Paper 12/1; Titaghur Paper ord 20/1; Midnapore Zemindary 70; Assam Saws 3/15; Bengal Timber 193.

Sugar shares: Buland 19; Carew and Co 11/8; Cawnpore 21/6; Champaran 16/13; Dyer Meakin Breweries 10/4.

Tea shares: Burdwar Tea and Timber 4/7; Bateli 6/2 small lot; Dauracherra 13/6; Ethelbari 12; Hattikhira 21/2; Kalacherra 77 small lots; Kallinugger and Khoreed 80.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1966/76 Rangoon Municipal Debs 100/5 small lot; 6 per cent 1937/42 Nawabganj Sugar Debs 102.—A.P.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

A Press Communique issued by the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, states:—

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 2nd September 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 3,12,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 allotted approximately 51 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-7-4 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 9th September 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 12th September 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 29th August 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 6,12,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Additions To Enemy Firms' List

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

The Government of India in a notification dated September 2, 1941, which will come into operation on September 6, 1941, have issued further additions and amendments to the list of enemy firms in neutral countries with whom it is unlawful to have dealings of any kind. The notification will be reproduced in the 'Indian Trade Journal', states a Press Note.—A.P.

Tributes To Late Fulchand Shah

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, Sept. 2.

In honour of memory of the late Mr. Fulchandbhai Shah, City markets of Kathiawar suspended business on Monday and tributes were paid to the "first and foremost Satyagrahi of Kathiawar."

Mr. Anantrai Pattani, Dewan of Bhavnagar, laid the foundation of late Mohandas Gangadas Parekh and Kashibai General Hospital at Mahuva on Monday.

Sind P.W.D. To Construct 2 New Feeders

KARACHI, September 1.

A scheme estimated to cost Rs. 15 lakhs for the construction of two new feeders from the Indus has been undertaken by the Sind P.W.D., the scheme which is to obviate the shortage of water in Rohri division.— A. P.

CALCUTTA, September 2.—The Syndicate of the Calcutta University has appointed a committee to devise ways and means to perpetuate the memory of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore.—United Press.

HEAVY RAINS IN S. BIHAR

Grand Trunk Road Breached

PATNA, Sept. 2.

The Grand Trunk Road, it is learnt, has been breached at mile 303 eleven miles west of Sherghat due to a rise in the rivers Morhar and Bhanti, following heavy rains in South Bihar.

In Patna district, the Ponpoon river is also rising and the flood water is spreading towards Patna-Gulzaribagh embankment.—A. P.

MONSOON ACTIVE Well Distributed Showers Over Peninsula

POONA, Sept. 2.

Monsoon has been active from Assam to East United Provinces and along and near the hills of West United Provinces and East and North Punjab. There has also been well distributed showers over the Peninsula. Rainfall has been widtspread in Assam, Bihar, East United Provinces and Mysore, local in Bengal, West United Provinces, East Central India, East and North Punjab, Kashmir, Northwest Frontier Province, Konkan, South Hyderabad, Southeast Madras and Madras Deccan, while a few falls occurred in Orissa, West Central Provinces, Gujarat, Bombay Deccan and North Madras Coast.

Forecast until Wednesday evening: Rainfall will be widespread over belt in the country from Assam to East and North Punjab, and in southern half of the Peninsula. Rainfall will also extend and increase in Konkan and Bombay Deccan. Scattered showers will occur in Rajputana, West Central India and Gujarat. Elsewhere there will be no large change.

Heavy rainfall warning: Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam, North Bengal, West United Proinces and along and near the Punjab Hills during the next 48 hours. —A.P.

Dry Weather To Continue?

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The faint hopes of a break in the spell of dry weather raised by the showers of last night and this morning, are doomed to be illusory. The showers were almost negligible; and weather experts believe that there is no prospect of any change in the present weather conditions.

The maximum temperature on Monday was 88 degrees which is 2.9 degrees above normal and the minimum was 78.4 degrees which is 2.8 degrees above normal.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 2nd Sept. 1941:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.003 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.0 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.8 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 88.0 deg. (2.9 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 78.4 deg. (2.8 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m .78 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S S W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 96 mls.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 3.

Rain in 24 hours 0.04 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 0.18".

Total rainfall during the year 28.20".

Weather Remark: Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 2/9/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.7 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.98 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.77 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" fo every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BAJPAI DELEGATION FOR CEYLON

MADRAS, Sept. 2.

The Hon. Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Leader of the Indian Delegation to Ceylon, Mr. G. S. Bozman, and Mr. A. B. Pai, members of the Delegation, arrived here this evening from Bombay.

Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai dined with His Excellency the Governor of Madras to-night and later left for Colombo by the Indo-Ceylon express accompanied by the members of the delegation, including Sir Mirza Ismail and Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri.

Mr. T. G. Rutherfold, Adviser to the Governor of Madras, a member of the Delegation, will join the party at Trichinopoly tomorrow morning.—A. P.

SUPPLY DEPARTMENT

Purchase Branch Created

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

A purchases branch of the Supply Department for the duration of the war has been created with effect from August 1, 1941, says a Press note.

The Contracts, Directorate and the Indian Stores Department have now ceased to exist as separate entities for the duration of the war and a new branch is being organised in their place.

The branch will staff (1) the purchase side of the Directorate-General of Supply, New Delhi. (2) The purchase side of the Directorate-General, Munitions Production, Calcutta. (3) The purchase side of the offices of the controllers of supplies and (4) the office of the Chief Administrative Officer

The posts of Chief Controller, Indian Stores Department, Deputy Chief Controller, Indian Stores Department, Director of Contracts and Deputy Director of Contracts will be held in abeyance until further orders. There will instead be two posts of Chief Controllers of Purchase for Supply and Munitions, respectively, and two posts of Deputy Chief Controllers, one of which will be attached to each post of Chief Controller.

The Chief Controllers of Purchase will be immediately responsible for the work and day to day administration of the Purchase Staff employed under them.

There will be two administrative officers one for each Chief Controller of Purchase and these officers will be expected to deal with all the administrative work hitherto disposed of locally.—A. P.

LIAISON OFFICER BETWEEN SUPPLY DEPT. & E. G. S. COUNCIL

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

It is learned that the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation, established in April last year under the Chairmanship of Lord Swinton to promote British trade, have appointed a representative in India. He is Mr C. W. Miles and he will maintain close contact with the Supply Department and the Eastern Group Supply Council.—A. P.

Poona Races

Handicaps For Friday's Meeting

POONA, Sept. 2.

Following are the handicaps for Poona races to be run on Friday, 5th September:

THE SEPTEMBER PLATE—Distance 5 furlongs.

Ati 9-2, Wansell 9-0, Panaster 9-0, Golden Maude 8-11, El Morrocco 8-11, Cavalier 8-7, Winning Lot 8-7, Certus Divitae 8-5, Furore 8-5, Play On 8-4, Pompeian 8-4, Golden Arrow (late Asterisk) 8-4, Eyre Field 8-2, Diamond King 8-2, Valkyrian 8-0, Sir Robin 7-7.

THE VISITOR PLATE. Division I.—Distance 1 mile.

Lime Juice 9-2, Archmoon 9-0, Gipsy Girl 9-0, Masque 8-9, Maelor 8-9, Fortune Hunter 8-7, Desert Sunrise 8-7, So That's That 8-5, Right Bet 8-5, Cougar 9-4, Alarm 8-4, Talk 8-2, King of Sports 8-2, Camphor 8-2, Sedge Field 8-0, Le Duc 7-13, Meadow 7-9, Chitor 7-9, Northern Lights D.R.N. (no weight).

THE VISITOR PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile.

Highland Spring 9-4, Neocell 9-0, Fortunate Lad 8-11, Highland Lad 8-11, Spun Glass 8-10, Ishrat Sultana 8-10, Cabron 8-8, Toltec 8-8, Rate Payer 8-5, Bisharin 8-5, Multy Earnham 8-0, Tattej-Sol 8-0, Philtre 8-0, Hassinia 8-0, Shadrach 7-12, Brelan 7-12, Fox Lair 7-9, Night Reveller 7-9.

THE BURWELL PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Lady in Red 9-4, Romney's Girl 9-2, Highla 9-2, Silk Apron 9-2, Loveable 9-0, Dr. Mary 8-13, Kanchanmala (late Korea) 8-11, Sugar Baby 8-7, Royal Talent 8-7, Valentia Junks 8-5, Aox Lingus 8-0, Honor 8-0, Chowrangi 8-0, Tavern 8-0, Anita 8-0, Aquafortis 7-12, Kamala 7-12, Virmati II 7-9, Tiger Kid 7-9, Clecable 7-9, What's Yours 7-4.

THE GWALIOR PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Solomon 9-0, Double Oak 8-11, Blue Mantles 8-9, The Duchess 8-4, Rose of the Dewas 8-4, Miss Oak 8-2, Fairy Queen 8-2, Sammy Brass 8-2, Sweetness 8-2, Princep 8-0, Palla Number 8-0, Red Flower 7-11, Sunrich 7-11.

THE SIRUR PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Captain Blood 9-2, Lion Tamer 9-2, Turf King 9-2, Marengo 9-2, Ishtay 9-0, Trusty 8-11, Paymaster 8-11, Tyrant 8-9, Eastern Park 8-7, Prominent 8-4, Chu Wai Chu 8-4, Laxmidhar 8-2, Countess Nil 8-2, Can Can 8-2, Rosetta 8-0, Pista Badam 8-0, What Is Yours 8-0, Pratap 7-9, Queen of Sheeba 7-9, Steel Blue 7-9, Princess Best 7-9, George Robey 7-7, Mohammala 7-7, Miss Chief 7-4.

THE SIRUR PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Dilkhush 9-4, Mazarin 9-0, Suzanne 8-9, Rafie 8-9, Scottish Star 8-7, Blue Steel 8-7, Rehna 8-7, Hari Singh 8-7, Flower of Gwalior 8-5, Dilawar 8-5, Aeroplane 8-5, Victory 8-5, Madam Pompadour (late Queen of Heart) 8-4, Kunigal 8-4, Firdouse 8-4, Full Fall 8-2, Rattray Sikh 8-0, Joker 8-0, Sit Fast 8-0, Ginger Cat 7-13, Calls to Arms 7-13, Say's You 7-11, Sun Rose 7-11.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Bahar Neel 9-0, Kolhapur 9-0, King Hilal 9-0, Snapper 9-0, Can You 9-0, Taj Mahal 8-12, Atilla 8-10, Marshal 8-8, Flourishing Queen 8-4, Astafer Allah 8-4, Lu'ayb 8-2, Son Avis 8-2, Saif Bahadur 8-0, Kaid Saoud 8-0, Zalpa-Mukhi 7-11, Bali Tamim 7-11, Sayid Beg 7-11, Night Hawk 7-9, Spitfire 7-9.

THE MODERATE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Sheik Shailal 9-2, Dahman VI 9-0, Akhu Emin 8-13, Aneed 8-10, Great Star 8-9, Hashim 8-9, Faraj Allah 8-9, Mushtaq Naim 8-8, Mikhailf Jadir 8-7, Star of Kashmir 8-7, Ghassun-al-Ilah 8-5, Zahir 8-5, Zamil-al-Iraq 8-0, Lala 8-0, Zafar Pasha 7-13, Almunkid 7-13, Musa' id al Khair 7-11, John Wilkes 7-11, Dalli al Iraq 7-9, Taj Nizam 7-9.

Glasgow Rangers Beat Preston North-End

GLASGOW, Sept. 1.

In a football War Charity Match, Glasgow Rangers (Scottish Cup Holders and League Champions) beat Preston North-end (holders of the Football League War Cup) by three goals to two.—Reuter.

American Women's Lawn Tennis

FORESTHILL, Sept. 2.

Valerie Scott and Nina Brown, two English girls concerned in the American Women's Lawn Tennis Singles Championship have entered the third round. Scott beating Barbara Strohbar 6/0, 9/7, while Brown beat Lilian Popaus 6/1, 6/3, Bryan Grant a leading American in men's singles had three hours battle before beating Pancho Segura from Equador, 6/4, 8/6, 4/6, 5/7, 6/2.—Reuter.

QUETTA POLO TOURNAMENT

QUETTA, Sept. 2.

The Quetta Low Handicap Polo Tournament commenced last evening when one match in the first round was decided. "B" team beat "D" team by seven goals to three. The teams starting at level handicap.—A. P.

TENNIS AT QUETTA

Quetta, Sept. 1.—Charan Singh, last year's winner, retained championship of Men's Open Singles of Quetta Club Open Tennis Tournament on Monday defeating West Wood, the former Karachi player in three straight sets, the score being 6/1, 7/5, 6/3.

H.H.C.I. HOCKEY TOURNEY

The Executive Committee of the U.P. Sports Control Board which met yesterday under the chairmanship of Dr. Sir Sita Ram decided to hold the Sir Harry Haig Cup Inter-District Hockey Tournament at Allahabad, during the second week of December. The Committee also framed new rules for the registration and tansfer of Hockey and Football players in these Provinces, whereby it is sought to control the activities of players who have a migratory tendency.—A. P.

TAX ON AGRICULTURAL INCOME

New Bill Before Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, Sept .2.

The text of a bill entitled "the Bengal Agricultural Income-tax Bill," providing for the imposition of a tax on agricultural income derived from land and buildings situated in the province, has been published in an extraordinary issue of the Calcutta Gazette today.

The tax under the measure, which is proposed to be introduced by the Bengal Government in the current session of the Assembly, shall be payable on a total agricultural income exceeding Rs. 2,000 and it shall, in no case, exceed half the amount by which agricultural income exceeds the taxable quantum.

In the statement of objects and reasons of the bill, it is said that Government have decided to impose a tax on agricultural income, both because additional revenue is urgently needed to meet the expanding needs of the province, and because they consider that it is equitable to impose such a tax. It is further stated that the rates are slightly less steeply graded than those existing under the Indian Income-Tax Act, 1922, but the exemption limit is the same as under that act ,and there is no super-tax.—A. P.

Rovers Cup

DELHI'S IMPRESSIVE DISPLAY

CITY POLICE DEFEATED BY FIVE GOALS TO ONE

The Delhi Football Association's team gave an impressive display on Tuesday evening to defeat the Bombay City Police by five goals to one in the Rovers Cup Tournament.

The margin is a little too flattering to the visitors, at least two of the goals were presented to them by the Police custodian. However barring the Mohamedan Sporting from Calcutta, they of all the visiting teams, have given the best account of themselves. They are fairly sound in defence and thrusting enough in attack. They are sure to improve in form in their next outing, when they meet the winners of East Bengal—Royal Navy match.

There was a keen struggle for supremacy between the contending parties for the first fifteen minutes, but neither side succeeded in gaining the upperhand. Then came a thrilling period of ten minutes during which three goals were registered. A fine movement between the Delhi forwards saw Bulandi, their centre-forward, drawing first blood from close quarters. Stung to the quick, the Policemen repeated the performance of their opponents and equalised in a couple of minutes through Stanley, their inside-left. Soon after, Delhi returned to the attack and Bulandi scored again for them.

Leading by two goals to one, Delhi crossed over and made determined attacks on the Police citadel. Their team-work was excellent during this period. However the local goal remained unsullied for a long time, escaping fires narrowly on several occasions. Towards the end, Delhi added three goals in quick succession. They were mainly due to the mistakes committed by Couto under the Police bar, Husain who had exchanged positions with Bulandi as centre-forward notched two goals and the final tally was made up by Safdar their right-winger Thus the Police were badly beaten due mainly to the fault of their goalie

RESULTS

Delhi F. A.	5 goals
City Police	1 goal

TEAMS.

Delhi Football Association XI Mohamed; S. Shah and Bamruddin; Hamid, Afzal and Sardar; Yusuf Taqi, Bulandi, Husain and Safdar

Bombay City Police: Couto; Jameson and Wakeman; Scott, Osbourne, Rozario, Lazarus, Adams, Rodriques, Stanley and Richardson.

Referee: A. G Eagle.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

5-40 p.m. Centonment Gymkhana, Peshawar vs Indian Football League XI.

ST. LEGER CALLOVER

LONDON, Sept 2.

The following is a Callover on Saint Leger:—

6/1 Mazarin, Chateau La Rose offered 13/2 taken.

15/2 Owen Tudor offered 8/1 taken
8/1 Sun Castle taken and offered.
9/1 Devonian taken and offered.
10/1 Royalist offered 11/1 taken.
100/9 Bakhtawar offered 100/8 taken.
100/6 Orthodox offered
18/1 Lambert Simnel offered.
20/1 Dancing Time Ptolemy offered.
20/1 Starwort offered
25/1 taken.
66/1 Felous offered 25/1 taken.
25/1 Firozedin offered.
33/1 Royal Academy offered 40/1 taken.
33/1 Feltes and 100/1 Ranger offered.

There will be further Callover on Thursday and Friday —Reuter

Bengal Table Tennis Championship

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The Bengal Table Tennis Association have sent invitations to the leading players in India to participate in the Eighth Bengal Table Tennis Championship, which commences on Sept. 11 and will terminate by September 20.

The players invited include Awan of the Punjab who holds the All-India Title, V Sivaraman (Madras) the runner-up, K. H. Kapadia (Bombay), the Bengal title holder, and A. G Millar, an ex-English International who is now in Bombay.

The entries so far are good. All the leading Bengal players will participate and all the provinces are expected to send their players for the championship.—A. P

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.

Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.

Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

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The Comedy Hit of the year, with An ALL-COMEDY CAST
EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Sud 13, 1997
Muslim: Shaban 10, 1360
Parsi: Gatha 4, 1310
Sunrise: 6h. 24m.
Sunset: 6h. 52m.
Hightide: 10-35, 22-40
Lowtide: 3-56, 16-50

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

Mr. Jayantilal Jamnadas, the only son of Seth Jamnadas Morarji, a prominent share broker, died at 7-30 p.m. on Tuesday, at his residence at Santa Cruz.

CHRISTIANS AND WAR: Meeting in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6-30 p.m.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS WORKERS' MEETING: A meeting of all the Satyagrahis and Congress Workers in 'D' Ward will be held at the 'D' Ward D. C. C. office to-day (Wednesday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

SAVARKAR'S ADDRESS: At the pandal of the Gamdevi and J. K. Buildings Shri Ganeshotsav Mandal, Mr. V. D. Savarkar will speak on "Hindu Sanghatan" to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m.

PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE: At Gujarati Literary Association, Mr. Mohanlal Hansraj will recite Kathiawari folksongs, to-day (Wednesday) at 1-30 p.m. in College Hall.

R. A. PODAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE: Under the auspices of the College Students' Union, Mr. K. Srinivasan will address the students on "The place of Commerce in Society" to-day (Wednesday) at 3 p.m. in the College Hall.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on "Why so much prejudice against the T. S.?" from the Key to Theosophy by H. P. Blavatsky, will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 5-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

FOUND: A. B. B. and C. I. third-class quarterly season ticket, Marine Lines to Grant Road. Please see Murthy, Press Photographer, 138, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BAI BACHUBAI SETH KANJI KARSONDAS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY: At the Bai Bachubai Seth Kanji Karsondas Charitable Dispensary for Women and Children, conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay, at Parel, 1,666 patients consisting of 923 women and 745 children were treated free during the month of August, 1941, the average daily attendance being 72.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION: Series of free lectures on "Communal Problem" at Mantri House, French Bridge, opposite Royal Opera House, at 6 p.m.:—
Mr. K. M. Munshi will speak on 5th, Mr. K. F. Nariman on 6th, Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee on 8th, Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas on 12th, Mr. Saif B. Taibjee on 19th, and Mr. K. A. Abbas on 22nd. Mr. Mahadevbhai Desai: Date will be announced later.
Inter-communal dinner on 10th instant at 7 p.m. at the Mantri House, French Bridge. Admission as. 8. Tickets available at the office of the Union, between 6 and 8 p.m.

22 Twenty-second week
On Thurs. & Friday, Matinee Shows at 1-15 p.m.
A PICTURE OF PICTURES
That marches towards Silver Jubilee!
"LAGAN"
Starring: SAIGAL, KANAN, NAWAB.
NEW THEATRES' Topnotch Hit!
MINERVA Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Arise, My Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"That Night In Rio" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Men of Boys' Town" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Broadway Limited" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Saloon Bar" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m
Pathe—"Sister" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar" Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Holiday In Bombay" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Manthan" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—Daily change of programme.
MAJESTIC—"Thoratanchi Kamla" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Bambaiwali" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.

Ganapati Functions To-day

At Kalyan Andhra Association, 8 to 9 p.m. Ballads Musalamma by A. Subrahmanyam and party; 9-30 to 11 p.m. Pan Supari.
At Y.M.H.A., 6-30 p.m. Debate on "Non-violence will lead to Swaraj". Mr. B. R. Dhurandhar will move. Mr. Sushil S. Kavaleker will oppose; 9 p.m. Harikirtan by Mrs. Rakhamalni Chandavarkar.
At Brahmansabha, 190 Charni Road, 7-30 a.m. Namaskar Competition; Nutan Swastik Balmela 3 p.m. Mr. R. G. Bhide on "Hindu Society" in Marathi 6-30 p.m.; Master Krishnarao singing 10 p.m.

In Aid Of A. G.'s Office Ambulance

The Ambulance Division of the Accountant General's Office has arranged a variety entertainment show in aid of its funds at the Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road, on Saturday, the 6th instant at 3-30 p.m. The programme contains items, such as vocal music by Miss Vimal Patki, Miss Vinodini Desai, Mrs. Sharada Mangalwedhekar and Miss Sumati Trilokekar, Prof. Dewoolker, dances by Miss Hora and Miss Uma Maitra, physical feats by the members of the Bombay Gymnastic Institute and mimicry by Mr. Vaidya.

SARASWAT VIDYARTHI SAHAYAK MANDALI: The Managing Committee of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali have this year decided to award the Vithal Balkrishna Korgaonkar Scholarship to Miss Indu Kashinathpant Gunjikar; the Mangesh Vishwanath Rajadhyaksha Prize to Mr. Madhusudan G. Bhat and the Radhabai Atmaram Rapu Dalvi prize to Miss Shanta Vasantrao Nerurkar, in accordance with the conditions of the endowments.

FREE MEDICAL AID TO FAMILIES OF MEN ON ACTIVE SERVICE

The Government of Bombay has directed that free medical aid should be made available to the families of soldiers and of the personnel of the R.I.N. and R.A.F. on active service at Government hospitals and the Government and grant-in-aid dispensaries on the production of an identity certificate signed by a military officer of the depot from which the soldier was recruited, by any gazetted officer of the Government of Bombay, a mamlatdar, any police officer not below the rank of a sub-inspector or a Justice of the Peace.

V FOR VICTORY CUFF-LINKS ON SALE

The latest "V" to be had is in the form of cuff links, two "V"s joined together by a slender chain. These are neat, durable, chromium plated links and are to be sold at Rs. 2 per pair. Seventy-five per cent of the total realised from the sale of these "V"s will go to the War Gifts Fund. They can be had from every member of the Ladies' Committee. These links are patented throughout India.

HINDUSTANI CLASSES

The B. P. C. C. Free Hindustani Classes will be commenced in the Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon, Bombay 4, from Sunday, the 7th September 1941 to coach students for the Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti Wardha Examinations to be held in January 1942.
The time-table is as follows:—
Prarambhik: Sundays 9 to 11 a.m.
Pravesh: Saturdays 5 to 6 p.m. and Sundays 4 to 6 p.m.
Parichay: Saturdays 6 to 7 p.m. and Sundays 9 to 11 a.m.
The Kovid classes will be started only after the results of the August Examinations are declared.
Those desirous of joining the classes are required to enlist their names in the Congress House Office.

NO MILITARY DUTY FOR A.R.P. VOLUNTEERS.

Rumours are being circulated in Bombay city that A.R.P. Volunteers are liable to be put on military duty. These rumours are entirely false. A.R.P. Volunteers will be required only to perform the duties for which they are recruited as provided in the A.R.P Services Ordinance and Rules.

INVESTITURE AT GANESHKHIND.

H. E. the Governor of Bombay will hold an informal investiture at Government House, Ganeshkhind, on the morning of Saturday, September 27, for recipients of Honours and Indian Titles resident in Ahmednagar, Poona Satara, Sholapur, Bijapur, Kanara and Ratnagiri Districts. Letters of invitation have been issued to all those whom His Excellency proposes to invest.
Any person resident in the areas mentioned who has received an award and who wishes to be invested but has not yet received a letter of invitation should apply without delay to the Secretary to the Governor, Government House, Ganeshkhind.

Evacuation Of Indians In Japan

The Kathiawar Praja Mandal sent a telegram to the Governor-General, on August 11, 1941 in connection with the immediate arrangements to be made for the evacuation of Indians from Japan.
In reply to this the Kathiawar Praja Mandal has received the following reply: "The Government of India in the External Affairs Department have intimated to say that every step possible is being taken to arrange for the evacuation of those British Indians who are anxious to leave Japan."

Moradabad City Police made the biggest haul when two alleged counterfeiters, Elahi Bux of Delhi and Maqsud of Saharanpur, were caught redhanded while actually manufacturing hundred rupee [illegible].

Educationists' Introspection

Father Duhr's Plain-Speaking: Byram Mehta's Plea

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Suggestions that French, German and other foreign languages should be altogether scrapped in the earlier stages of education, that Sanskrit or Persian should be given more importance, that the mother-tongue should replace English, and that more emphasis must be laid on agriculture in its relation to education, were made at a symposium to-day under the joint auspices of the Muslim Students Union and the Social Workers' Society at Blavatsky Lodge.

The Rev. Father J. Duhr considered that Indian students had better memory and absorbed knowledge more easily, than students in other countries. But the nurture of their talents was all wrong and the educational system left much to be desired.

"Teaching", said the speaker, "was overdone in India; what was wanted was more doing of things."

He suggested that all French, German and other foreign languages should be scrapped, at least in pre-University courses, and that more importance should be given to Sanskrit. It was highly desirable that the medium of instruction should be in the mother-tongue.

Father Duhr further suggested that in a largely agricultural country like India, it was essential, that education, even in its earliest stages, should be so modelled that the students would naturally fall back on agricultural pursuits when the time came. Industrialisation was also necessary, but in India it could only take second place.

WRONG FOUNDATION

Dr. Byram Mehta criticised the very foundation of Indian education. According to him most primary schools in the villages were only a farce, and the primary schools merrily scattered among pan-shops and liquor-shops in Bombay, were no better.

The aim of education should be to develop the free and natural tendencies of a child, not to make it an unwilling prisoner in a classroom. Its aim should be to construct personality and make the child a useful and happy citizen, well-adjusted to his surroundings.

PLEA FOR NURSERY SCHOOLS

He advocated the founding by Government and Municipality of nursery schools, staffed by happy and gay teachers who understood and loved children. These had to be supplemented by labour schools where the creative faculty of children would be given ample play.

The speaker did not have much faith in the Montessori system, which he said had been overestimated.

Prof. Collaco wanted that the Indian system of education should be a happy combine of the East and the West.

The Rev. Dr. John Mackenzie presided.

IMBIBE TRUE PRINCIPLES OF LOKMANYA

Prof. Naik's Appeal To Youths

ASSIMILATION, TOLERATION AND UNITY WERE THE THREE MOST ESSENTIAL THINGS REQUIRED FOR A PUBLIC LEADER.

This was the plea made by Prof. V. N. Naik of the Ram Narain Ruia College at a meeting held under the auspices of the Latif Building Ganeshotsava, Dadar, on Monday night. In the course of his speech, Prof. Naik traced in brief the history of the Ganeshotsava movement which was started by the late Lokmanya Tilak, with a view to bring about unity among all classes of people irrespective of caste or creed. But at present, unfortunately, the real objects of this movement were totally ignored by the organisers and this movement, the speaker said, was converted into a merely merry-making business. He made a fervent appeal to the youths to imbibe the true principles enunciated by the originator in starting such a welcome move, tending to public welfare.

City Share-Broker's Death

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the untimely demise of Mr. Jayantilal, the only son of Seth Jamnadas Morarji, a prominent share and stock broker of Bombay, at his residence at Santa Cruz at 8-30 p.m. on Tuesday. At the time of his death, he was only 22 years of age.
He attended office till noon and returned home at about 3 p.m., when his health suddenly took a bad turn. All medical help was requisitioned but was of no avail.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 65,81,386-13-3.
For the R.A.F.: Rs. 25,204 through the Hon. Secretary, War Loans and War Gifts Committee, Jalgaon. Rs. 4,650 through the Mamlatdar, Bail-Hongal, Belgaum District. Rs. 2,461-1 through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Murbad Thana district. Rs. 1,001 through the Secretary, Defence Loan Committee, Belgaum.
Grand total as on September 2: Rs. [illegible]

Children who used to enjoy motor car rides, now enjoy this kind of cycle-rickshaw rides. Mr. Abidali Jafferbhoy, the well-known city Congressman, is the enterprising parent who has devised this novel means of travel for his children in these days of petrol-rationing.

NO BARRIERS IN NATIONALISM

Mrs. Naidu Commends Examples Of Tagore And Das

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The view that the type of Nationalism which Hitler, or Mussolini or Japan advocated was a kind of greedy spirit which said that the world only existed for them, was expressed by Mrs Sarojini Naidu while addressing the students of the Women's College, Calcutta to-day.

This sort of nationalism, proceeded Mrs. Naidu, was a terrible danger not only to the existing and contemporary generations, but also to the generations to come. They must now think of the late Mr. C. R. Das or the late Dr. Rabindranath Tagore as nationalists, but as great human souls, who transcended all barriers of limitations and isolation. They must think themselves as human beings first and Bengalees afterwards.

Speaking about women, she said that they must be creative and dynamic. They had to carry their own lamp and illumination. They must be alive and responsive to the new forms of thoughts and ideas.

The speaker could not think that the finest young men in Germany could approve of all that had been destroyed. She thought that they must be praying that this terrible nightmare may be over, so that youth could resume its proper destiny to create a new atmosphere in the world, a new basis for world opportunities and world development.—A. P.

ADVICE TO GUJERATIS

(From Our Correspondent.)

KHAR, Sept. 2.

"That a language is the living force reflecting the characteristics of a community," was the gist of Syt. R. V. Desai's lecture at Lakshmi-Nagar Hall on Monday night.

Tracing the history and evolution of the present Gujerati language from its inception; Syt. Desai remarked that every language has a background of its own community's ancient culture and the mode of thinking.

Proceeding, he said, that the Gujerati language had its own charm and dignity; yet, he felt that the language lacked the strength, the spirit of the time which should and does prevail in all the other languages. Probably he said, the reason was that the Gujeratis were by nature very mild, which ultimately was reflected in the language they spoke; and, therefore, he exhorted the public, especially the younger generation, to develop the strength of body and mind which would ultimately be reflected in their speech—the language they spoke, thus making, not only the language, but also their own lives forceful, active and full of spirit.

After a vote of thanks to the speaker the audience dispersed late at night.

M. L. A. Charged With Disorderly Behavrour

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Sept 1.

Mr. Abdul Majeed A Gheewala an M.L.A. from Belgaum is at present standing his trial in the court of Mr. D. B. Reporter, second class Honorary Magistrate, Thana Mahal, for an alleged offence of rowdy behaviour while in an intoxicated condition when travelling in a railway train (Sec. 120 classes A, B, and C of the Indian Railways Act).

The charge-sheet submitted by the Bombay police alleges that on the 16th of July of last year, at about 2-15 a.m. the accused M.L.A., who got into a third class compartment of the up N. E. Passenger, was found in a drunken state and to have behaved in a disorderly manner, so as to interfere with the comforts of other passengers.

After a number of adjournments the case was taken up last week and the complainant head constable and two other prosecution witnesses were examined. In the course of the cross-examination the complainant stated that he did not lodge a complaint against the accused at Dadar. He denied that the constables in the compartment assaulted the accused and for this reason he pulled the alarm chain. The case is proceeding Mr S. S. Kazi, Advocate, Thana, is defending the accused.

KRIPALANI COMING TO CITY ON FRIDAY

Mr. J. B. Kripalani, who is to preside over the Khadi Sammelan on the 6th and 7th of September is expected in Bombay on the 5th [illegible]

Soaring Wheat Prices

India Govt. May Reduce Import Duty

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

It is rumoured that the Government of India are much concerned at the continued rise in the price of wheat. This seems to indicate the prospect of scarcity conditions, which may be aggravated by the necessity for exports to Iran, and the question of facilitating imports from other countries to relieve such conditions will, it is stated, have to be examined. This may involve the consideration of the possibility of reducing the import duty on wheat. Such a reduction, it is pointed out, could be made without legislation by the use of Government's powers under the Indian Tariff Act.

The index number of wheat has gone up to 191 since the war started.—A. P.

Chhatari's Successor For Air Force Selection

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

The "United Press" learns that Sir Joginder Singh has also been appointed Chairman of the Selection Committee for the joint Air Force and Civil Aviation training of pilots scheme, in succession to the Nawab of Chhatari. It is understood that the committee will commence its sessions in New Delhi and will be interviewing candidates from September 8.

It is further learnt that so far about 200 candidates have been sent up for training under this scheme.—United Press.

RANGOON,—A further sum of £10,676 has been remitted to London towards the cost of a Burma Squadron of medium bombers. Burma's total contribution now stands at nearly £259,000. —A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1941.

INDIA AND BRITAIN

In his speech at one of the many lunches that Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar has recently been given in honour of his appointment Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru naturally surveyed the situation as a whole and offered many suggestions and criticisms but failed to put the emphasis where it really belonged. He began by saying that he was not a believer in that "much abused" word "imperialism". Has imperialism been condemned enough? But he added that there were worse evils in the world and that politics was a matter of choosing between two evils, and he asked the public what would be their choice if it was a question of choice between the system which prevailed at the present moment in India and the system which was likely to be imposed upon them in the event of success of Hitler and Mussolini. Probably he asked the question in view of Congress criticsm of imperialism. Many will agree that imperialism is a lesser evil than Fascism. British imperialism may be likened to a comparatively mild chronic disease which cannot be said to be dreadful but which somehow persists far too long and preys on the vitals of the body in a most insidious manner. Congress does not agree that in the present case either of the two evils must be accepted by India. It is struggling to free her from both.

Congress Attitude

It is not a great compliment that Sir Tej Bahadur is paying to the British when he says that their imperialism is only a lesser evil than Fascism. Probably the point he is driving at is that if Congressmen do not help Britain wholeheartedly India will come under a worse evil. But Government themselves have often stated that they have got magnificent response from the people. Gandhiji has studiously refrained from embarrassing Britain—which he could easily have done if he so wished. Discriminating men like Mr. Edward Thompson have gratefully admitted this. Mr. W. E. Lucas, writing in "The Nation" of New York, observes: "It is often difficult for the Westerner to follow the logic of Indian thought. It seems inconsistent that now, when the Congress Party has a golden opportunity to force a complete British capitulation to its demands, Mahatma Gandhi refuses to take advantage of England's plight. In spite of his insistence on complete independence for India, he recognizes the necessity for co-operation with England; but it must be a co-operation on Indian and not on British terms. He has promised to do nothing that will hinder Britain's full prosecution of the war, and as long as he remains the head of the Congress Party it is difficult to believe that Nazi attempts to penetrate its ranks will have any success." Government know Gandhiji's attitude well enough. That is at least one reason he is free and the Congress has not this time been declared an unlawful body. But it is certainly unfortunate that Government do not yet fully appreciate the whole position of the Congress

Release The Leaders

It may be urged against Congress that its attitude towards the war is at the best one of benevolent neutrality but at present it needs to be one of active, wholehearted co-operation. If such co-operation is expected from millions it is not likely to be elicited for the mere asking. The people who are called upon to make all sorts of sacrifices need to be enthused by the stimulous of national freedom. This is obvious from the fact, among others, that the Anglo-American Agreement attaches the utmost importance to complete freedom to all countries after the war. But the British Government have not yet given any such promise to India definitely. And a tried friend like Sir Tej Bahadur has to suggest to Mr. Sarkar that he should insist upon a definite declaration by England granting freedom to India. If Government make such a promise and prove its 'bona fides' by accepting even the modest proposals of the Sapru Conference regarding immediate reforms, Congress will not fail to reconsider its attitude. Probably in the hope of creating a proper atmosphere for such reconsideration Sir Tej Bahadur has endorsed the people's demand for a general amnesty. If it is felt that a general amnesty can only follow a settlement, the prominent Congress leaders can be released, who will then get an opportunity to review the whole situation. It is said that the main consideration that has weighed with some of the new members of the Viceroy's Council is that they have the confidence to be able to do at least this. We can only wait and see.

Petain's Latest

It is reported—and the report is supported by Admiral Darlan's frequent visits to Paris as well as by a recent statement to the neutral Press by Conte de Brinon—that Marshal Petain is negotiating a final peace with Italy and Germany. It may, of course, be taken for granted that the Marshal—or to be more accurate, Admiral Darlan—is doing so with the consent and, indeed, on the initiative of Berlin. Naturally, therefore, the peace that Herr Hitler plans for Vichy will be a peace of "collaboration" not only in a post-war "new Europe" but also in the immediate war efforts of the Axis. As to the terms it will be recalled that sometime ago, the Independent French News Agency revealed how the Germans were trying a tripartite Franco-Italian-German settlement satisfactory to all the three at the expense of Britain, Belgium and Egypt.

In a recent editorial the *Manchester Guardian* commented upon the Nazi plans and their implications thus:

"The scheme emerging from recent negotiations apparently provides for a separate and preliminary peace to replace the present Armistice regime; German occupation troops as such to be withdrawn while those remaining would constitute (as in Italy and Rumania) elements of a "friendly State;" and the joint exploitation of British West African colonies when conquered. This new relationship would automatically imply placing at Germany's disposal French resources including air and naval bases in France and Africa."

France will thus be pushed by Marshal Petain into the war to help particularly in Herr Hitler's "Battle of Africa". This strategy is not unlikely. The Fuhrer must know by now that he will be held up somewhere in Russia without reaching a decision before winter. He cannot sit idle during the winter. What more natural—failing Turkey—than a Franco-German-Italian military and naval drive in the Western Mediterranean and against Egypt? There are, however, two factors which ordinary statesmen would consider before surrendering to their "conquerors": they are French public opinion and the attitude of America. But will they act as deterrents upon Admiral Darlan?

Women's Work For Model Villages

The All-India Women's Conference may be congratulated on its decision to reconstruct certain villages so as to make them "models for demonstrating women's ideals for making village people, happier, healthier and wealthier". It is announced that detailed plans will be formulated this month at a meeting of a Special Committee appointed for this purpose and they will be placed before the next annual conference to be held in Rajahmundry during the Christmas week. If those workers of the Conference who are [illegible] plan start their work in selected villages straightway, the next conference will have the great benefit of suggestions based on actual experience. The best efforts may be concentrated on a village or two near the venue of the next conference so that the delegates coming from all parts of the country may actually see a fair model before them. They will be better impressed by it than by mere paper plans. If these suggestions have already been anticipated by the Conference and are, therefore, superfluous, we shall be glad to be so assured.

September 3rd.

By D. F. KARAKA

It is night and bell has tolled the knell of parting day. A little woman is kneeling at the altar of a village church. It might really be anywhere, for this world has little use of names of countries and frontiers and all such demarcations of space and time and people. There is a candle burning at the altar—the only ray of light in this dark church with its spire pointing like a finger to the heavens, for it is a night for the raiders with the moon high up in a clear sky. The little woman is not afraid. She is wearing black and over her face there is a veil of mourning. There is a deep stillness in the air and her heavy breathing can be heard in the quiet that prevails. There is no one else in the church because the men are fighting at the front and the women are working in shelters and as wardens and in the many other jobs that have fallen to them in World War II. Only this little woman remains in the village—too old to move—waiting, waiting for her call to come. Now and again she raises her head and makes the sign of the cross. There are no tears in her eyes. The sorrows of the world have hardened her.

* * *

LENINGRAD. It is evening and the autumn sun has set. A cold wind blows in the air. In a camouflaged outpost three men sit beside a gun, looking grimly at each other. The youngest is not more than 19—a farmer's son from the Ukraine. It is his first visit to the holy land, where he hoped one day he'd worship at the Lenin shrine. The tomb, he has never seen. Nor yet the Red Square, nor the Kremlin. May be he'll never live to see these. May be he will. He's too young to tell. His comrades are not much older. But they've been in the army longer. They've march past on Lenin Day while Stalin reviewed the troops. The've lived, they've felt the Soviet feeling. They've danced to the tune of music, they've raised their voices to the Internationale. It's part of them —flesh of their flesh, blood of their father's blood. They remembered the black days their fathers lived to speak of. They remember the tales told to them of the revolution, in the wake of which they were born. They remember the lessons at school, the Russia that was up around them, the Russia they were fighting to defend.

* * *

It is the brief hour between patrol duties and the Indian soldier relaxes on a cliff of Keren. He looks down the many feet and remembers the day, he fought his way up. He wonders what the war is all about, but feels like a man fighting in it. Now he thinks of his little hut in the village in the Punjab and how the cattle came to graze on his father's land and his old mother still insisting that her son should have been a clerk in an office and married an official's daughter. It amuses him, because he knows he's making history now.

* * *

It is lunch time somewhere in England and the workers of a munition plant are resting in the brief period for lunch. The wheels roll on playing the only music they've heard—a symphony to which only the end of the war can give the appropriate finale. They're not eating much because they are not hungry. These two years of incessant work have spoilt their appetite and made them want to get on only with the job. The lesson of Dunkirk, the lesson of France can never be forgotten now. The tragedy of men without arms. Back to the machines they'll go, back to the work, back to the war. It's only September, 1941 and they know they'll be some time working on this war.

* * *

It is 10 a. m. and at his desk sits Asok Pandya, member of the B. P. C. C. and he's drafting a letter to the Magistrate, telling him of the time, the date, the place of the slogan he is to shout.

* * *

It is 12 noon and at Mount Pleasant Road, Mr. Jinnah sits at a desk, a large concave mirror in front of him, drafting a resolution for the next meeting of his Committee.

* * *

It is 2-30 p. m. and at the Ripon Club the Chairman of the War Gifts Committee is playing Bezique.

* * *

It is 4 p. m. and four Parsee ladies are shopping at Hornby Road, for the New Year that is to come.

* * *

It is 5 p. m. and the streets of Bombay are closed to traffic. The police cordon has lined the route. A young man steps up to ask whether a battalion is passing through or an army rushing to a battlefront But the police sergeant tells him it's none of these. It's just an English lady returning from her shopping and wants to get to her home on Malabar Hill in time for tea. It's still September 1941—five miles of good road, five miles of policemen standing to attention.

* * *

The time is 5-30 and the cotton market has just closed. Chaganlal sits at his brother's 'pedhi', relaxing after a hard day's work. He has taken off his pump shoes and he's playing with his toes and is cleaning the dirt that may have crept inside. Will Japan declare war he tries to work out. That means cotton will go up. Will Ran-

(Continued on Page 2 Col. 4.)

TWO YEARS OF WAR IN REVIEW

By LAUDERDALE BAXTER

September 1, 1939: Early morning German troops invaded Poland without an ultimatum or declaration of war.

September 3: Great Britain and the French Empire declared war on Germany in fulfilment of their pledges to Poland and during the next few days parallel action was taken by all the dominions with the exception of Eire which adopted an attitude of neutrality.

The Germans flung into Poland an overwhelmingly superior force in men and machines which they employed with great speed and utter ruthlessness indiscriminately against soldier and civilian and, after a brief but heroic resistance by the Poles, the campaign was brought to an end with the surrender of Warsaw.

September 28: A strained and unnatural calm in land and air warfare succeeded the fury of this eastern battle and throughout the winter months activity in the Western Front was confined to artillery duels and local patrol skirmishes

Meanwhile the British Empire gathered strength for battle· industry was turned over to war production. The British Expeditionary Force took up its positions in France and in December the first Canadian contingent disembarked in Britain.

This lull was not, however, matched at sea, where war opened at full pitch with the British Navy engaged in blockading Germany and countering the Nazi effort to destroy British seaborne commerce by magnetic mines, surface raiders and an unrestricted submarine campaign. Outstanding among the series of memorable naval incidents was the running fight with the "Graf Spee" ending in her ignominious scuttling off Monte Video on December 17.

* * *

In the meantime, in the north the U.S.S.R. consolidated its gains in Poland and manoeuvred for fresh strategic positions against an attack from the west.

In the course of the autumn Stalin concluded mutual assistance pacts with Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, acquiring the right to establish naval and air bases in these territories the penetration of which bore fruit in the following July when the Baltic States merged themselves in the U.S.S.R. Finland proved less amenable, and only after four months of bitter fighting was Russia able to force an adjustment of the Finnish frontier in her own favour.

* * *

With the spring the main theatre of war blazed into fresh activity. Having, by bullying and alarmist rumours, produced nervousness among the smaller neutrals, Germany struck first at Scandinavia, invading Norway and Denmark without warning on April 9, 1940. Denmark was overrun in a few hours, no organised resistance being offered, but the Norwegian Army, supported by an Allied force, put up a determined defence until, after two months fighting, the Government and the British forces withdrew.

Meanwhile on May 10 Germany had struck hard to the west and in 37 days, despite fierce resistance from the defenders, overthrew the armies of the Netherlands, Belgium and France.

Only the historic evacuation from Dunkirk saved the British forces from a like disaster. Screened by the R. A. F., a miscellaneous fleet of over a thousand Allied warships, trawlers, pleasure steamers and motor and rowing beats plied across the Channel for four days and nights, rescuing more than 3,35,000 men or four-fifths of the British Expeditionary Force, an achievement which, in view of the proximity of powerful enemy bases, was a triumph of sea and air power.

Thus by the middle of June Hitler was master of Europe from the North Cape to the Pyrenees, and Great Britain, the sole remaining challenger of his power, faced a menace deadlier than any that had threatened her shores since Philip's Great Armada.

* * *

On August 8, Goering's Luftwaffe began its bid for that air mastery which was a necessary prelude to the invasion and final conquest of Britain. The battle waged for nearly three months, at the end of which time the Luftwaffe had to accept certain and complete defeat leaving the R. A. F. stronger than when the fight was first engaged.

Foiled of a speedy victory, the Germans settled down during the winter to attacks on shipping and industrial targets combined with terror-bombing of the civilian population.

Having thus failed to break the British Empire at its centre, Hitler has during the second year of war directed his attack against its vital arteries, intensifying the Battle of the Atlantic and challenging the British position in the Mediterranean. As a result of the unprecedented efforts of the British people in re-equipping their army at home and in the Near East, Empire forces brilliantly seized the initiative in the latter zone and during the winter virtually eliminated Italy as a serious menace by sea and land.

* * *

While Admiral Cunningham's fleet delivered crushing blows against the Italian Navy, land advances in Libya, Abyssinia, Eritrea and Italian Somaliland removed the threat to Egypt, consigned a large part of the Duce's army to captivity and drove the Italians from their East African empire.

Simultaneously the stubborn and heroic fight of the Greeks, assisted by the R. A. F., turned Mussolini's intended victory march on Athens into an inglorious retreat. Brilliant and valuable as were these victories however, they were won against the lesser foe and once again with the coming of spring battle was joined between the main protagonists.

* * *

By playing on their fear, cupidity and mutual jealousy, Germany had during the winter bent Rumania, Hungary and Bulgaria to her will and advanced her armed forces to the Black Sea. From these forward bases Hitler launched his attacks on Yugoslavia and Greece forcing a small British army to withdraw and annihilating the last centres of resistance in south-eastern Europe.

Established in Greece and Crete and with Nazi agents intriguing in Iraq, Syria and Iran, Germany seemed posed for a drive to the Near East, a move to which the British counterstroke was the crushing of the pro-Axis coup in Iraq and the occupation of Syria by British and Free French forces in June.

The Greek reverse, though serious for the British, was not inflicted by the Germans without serious losses to themselves and by summer Hitler had accepted the inevitability of a long-drawn-out struggle.

* * *

By attacking Russia on June 22 he apparently hoped for another lightning victory which would secure for Germany an increase in the supplies of oil and foodstuffs. He had, however, under-estimated the strength of his adversary.

The German advances, though considerable, have been achieved only at a high cost in men and material and have failed to break the orderly withdrawal of the Soviet armies. After two months' fighting the prospects of an early victory are receding and the "scorched earth policy" announced by Stalin threatens to rob the Germans of their intended spoils.

Simultaneously with this extension of the war in the east the increasingly aggressive attitude of Japan is threatening to embroil the Pacific in the European conflict.

After repeated capitulations in the face of Japanese demands Vichy virtually surrendered control of Indo-China on July 21, granting Japan the right to occupy strategic points, a move with serious implicaions for the defence of Singapore and the approaches to India and Australia. The massing of troops in Indo-China and on the Soviet frontier are both potentially aggressive actions.

Nevertheless, although the second year of war thus draws to its close with the threat to the British Empire of a fresh zone of conflict, the state of British and American armament production justifies sober confidence that the delaying tactics of necessity employed since Dunkirk will in the near future be superseded by more offensive action.

Since his re-election in October 1940, President Roosevelt has by the Lease and Lend Act, together with a variety of other measures, gone far to implement his pledge that the United States shall be an arsenal for the democracies so that by the spring of 1941 American aid had reached formidable proportions.

In the Battle of the Atlantic, though losses continued to be serious, there has been no interruption in vital supplies. Here too the pressure on British forces has been appreciably relieved by American action to ensure the delivery of her goods.

The Red Sea and the Gulf of Aden have been opened to American shiping and the United States has taken over the occupation of Greenland and Iceland.

By the end of June this mounting strength of the Empire had reached a point at which the R. A. F. could seize the offensive and when Hitler ventured on his perilous hazard to the east, it was to the accompaniment of a sustained bombardment of German ports and industrial centres which was to become increasingly violent and audacious as the weeks went by.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Japan's Threat

While the Japanese Government has approached President Roosevelt for peaceful negotiations, the Army has helpfully explained Japan's real objectives and attitude. Colonel Harao Mabuchi, Imperial Headquarters Army Press Chief, has officially blessed the "East Asia Day"—and, therefore, all that it connotes—with a bellicose speech. For the benefit of all concerned, including, of course, President Roosevelt, Colonel Mabuchi solemnly declares: "Japan must break through "A.B.C.D. (American, British, Chinese and Dutch) encirclement and, if necessary, will use force..... It would be the height of folly to sit idly and await death". Incidentally, it should be noted that the recent reshuffling in the army and naval commands indicates preparations for action. The position, therefore, is that Japan demands peaceful submission by President Roosevelt otherwise she would, so declares Colonel Mabuchi, fight. We are wondering if the U.S.A. President would not be wasting his time in talking to Japan.

Roosevelt's Broadcast

President Roosevelt's Labour Day broadcast was expected to deal with the international situation in more specific terms. This expectation has not been realised; he "has enunciated no new American policies or further steps in his present policies". He has, however, openly and categorically refused to negotiate or compromise with Hitlerism and its violent plans of world conquest. That means, logically at least, that America is determined to resist Hitlerism if it goes further afield, say, in North Africa or, through its Japanese satellite, in the Far East. This remains to be seen. Meanwhile President Roosevelt's eloquent and emphatic appeal for immediate acceleration of production is welcome. For it is no more than the simple truth that the result of this war will be decisively influenced by what Mr. Sydney Hillman, broadcasting immediately after the President's address, described as a "contest between the workshops of Democracy and the sweatshops of the Axis".

Bombay Electoral Rolls

The first publication of the electoral rolls for all constituencies of the Bombay Legislative Assembly and of the Bombay Legislative Council, for which either the Collector of Bombay or the Collector of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District is the Returning Officer, was made on Saturday last and copies of the rolls for the various Territorial Constituencies are being made available for publis inspection at the B. P. C. C.'s Office, Congress House, Bombay 4, as well as at the offices of the various Congress Committees in the City of Bombay and its suburbs. Those who are eligible for a vote but have not yet made sure that their names are in the rolls should make haste to visit the nearest Congress office and make the necessary applications for the inclusion of their names in the final rolls. We are sure the Congress workers will give all the necessary help in the matter. It is bad enough that the franchise is very narrow. The position should not be made worse by neglect on the part of the voters.

Europeanisation

According to our Simla correspondent, the Secretary, Deputy Secretary, and Under-Secretary in the newly created Department of Civil Defence are proposed to be all Europeans. It is also reported that three appointments recently made in connection with the work of the Eastern Group Supply Council have all gone to non-Indians, even the appointments relating to general stores and financial matters, though more competent Indians were available. This is unabashed racial favouritism, bordering on nepotism, and the appointments are being made in a hurry probably to prevent the new Indian Executive Councillors having their say in the matter. Things like these are possible only because the Government is constitutionally irresponsible.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The man with a cool million always gets a warm reception.

* * *

Cleaning upsets a house almost as badly as it does a watch.

* * *

A young man doesn't begin to rise in the world until he settles down.

* * *

An insignificant little pin in a woman's blouse often disturbs a man's mental poise.

* * *

People who are never in a hurry to begin believe in the theory that it is never too late to mend.

* * *

It costs a lot of money to bring up a boy so he won't be able to support himself when he becomes a man.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

WANTED.

Applications are invited from (a) Anglo-Indians and Domiciled Europeans and (b) Hindu—Brahmins for the post of a compounder in grade Rs. 25—1-12—40; preference will be given to Anglo-Indians or Domiciled Europeans.

—Advt. of South Indian Railway in Madras paper.

* * *

In an editorial tribute to Sir Akbar Hydari, Anglo-India particularly emphasies his work in the realm of Finance.

That is why he has been taken into the Viceroy's Executive Council as Information Member.

* * *

We have read with great interest Mr. George Gibson's Presidential address at the annual session of the British Trade Union Congress.

The interest arises from the fact that the Address has fulfilled our anticipations. There is no mention of India or of British Imperialism.

* * *

Mr. Gibson made a neat point when, referring to British Communists, he said: "For them the war ceased to be an imperialist war at 4 a.m. on Sunday, June 1922, 1941 when Germany attacked Russia, and became a righteous one".

For British Labour Socialism, of course, the war remains—er—what it has always been

* * *

Germany has asked the Turkish Government for permission to house the German residents in Teheran in the Turkish Embassy there.

The Junior Colleague confidently interprets this request as meaning either (1) that Germany does not plan to attack Turkey immediately or, (2) that Germany does plan to attack her immediately.

* * *

According to the Japanese Army spokesman, "Japan must break through the A B C D encirclement and, if necessary, use force".

And thus pass into a D—d encirclement.

* * *

Calling upon American Labour and management to accelerate war production, President Roosevelt says: "End for all time the menace of world conquest and thereby end all talk of peace founded on compromise with evil"

And incidentally save the U.S.A. from entering into the war.

* * *

Marshal Petain is reported to be negotiating final peace with Italy and Germany

In other words, final war with Britain and possibly—not probably, oh, no—with the U.S.A.

* * *

Speaking at Viipuri after its capture, the Chief of the Finnish General Staff is reported to have declared "our struggle is not ended—part of Finland's ancient soil is still in enemy hands"

No wonder the Germans are furiously denouncing as "inconceivable" reports of Finnish desire to end the war at a certain stage.

* * *

The Fuhrer, says a Berlin report, presented an Astronomical Laboratory to Il Duce

Which is most aptly symbolical since the one consistent experience of Il Duce in this war has been to see stars on land, sea and in the air.

* * *

"What's your young boy doing now?"

"Riding about all day with his pockets full of money."

"Go on; has he come into a fortune?"

"No; he's a bus conductor."

ECONOMIC BOYCOTT FOR OFFENDERS

Kripalani's Remedy For Communal Riots

PATNA, September 1.

Elucidating his proposal for economic boycott of the offending community which he made recently to solve the problem of communal riots, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, said in an interview:

"I have merely thrown out a suggestion for discussion on the following assumptions:

1 That the communities were determined to fight in a cowardly manner using secret assassination as the only weapon.

2 That the approach to Government for protection in these quarrels is mainly useless but humiliating for our national honour.

3 That there is no possibility of coming to a settlement by arbitration.

4 That self-immolation and martyrdom are not possible to any appreciable extent.

"If all these assumptions are true—I consider them to be true—I suggested economic boycott of the offending community.—United Press.

No Recognition Of Conquests By Force

Mexico Determined To Defend Safety Of American Continent

LONDON, Sept. 2.

A firm speech supporting democracy and condemning German aggression was made at the opening of the Mexican Congress by President Avila Camacho, says the Mexico City correspondent of the A. F. I. (The Independent French Agency).

Saying that the defence, equality and sovereignty of all free peoples were vital principles which had inspired Mexican history, President Camacho added that while keeping open her Legations in Germany, France, Italy, Portugal and Sweden, Mexico was remaining in contact with the invaded countries, Norway, Poland, Belgium, Denmark and Holland through their representatives accredited to Mexico.

OPPOSITION TO CONQUEST BY FORCE

"In this way we confirm in no uncertain manner our determination not to recognise in any case conquests carried out by force."

After recalling the circumstances in which the Mexican Consulates in Germany were closed and recognition withdrawn from German Consuls in Mexico President Camacho said: "Loyal to our policy of respect for all sovereignties and of condemning all aggressions, we condemned the unjust invasion of Yugoslavia and Greece, nations who are subjugated to-day by force of arms, but whose people unswervingly maintain their hope and love of freedom."

President Camacho mentioned that several Axis vessels which had been seized were already being employed to transport Mexican oil and others would be used to improve communications with nations of the western hemisphere, especially of South America.

Speaking of Mexico's good neighbourly relations with the United States, President Camacho said that the agreements reached with the United States were not a Secret Treaty, but were based on the need for opening up a channel for Mexican products so that Mexico should not become a supplier of certain articles powers outside the American continent who would use them for works of hatred and destruction.

DEFENCE OF AMERICA

Finally President Camacho declared that Mexico was ready to give her full support to the cause of defence of America. "We want to remain outside any armed struggle, but jealous of our independence we shall leave nothing undone in defence of the integrity of our territory and the sovereignty of our institutions, together with the integrity of America and the sacred right to think and act as free men in a hemisphere where great ideals of liberty and justice flourish".

He added that all precautions would be taken so that Mexico could co-operate, if the time came, in the defence of her territorial integrity and the safety of the American Continent. —Reuter.

Through Constructive Work To National Regeneration

B. P. C. C. President Stresses Importance Of Khadi And Need For Eradication Of Untouchability

Speaking on the present political condition at a meeting held on Tuesday night under the auspices of "Vijayanagar Ganesh Utsav Committee" at Dadar Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, stressed the need for constructive activity and suggested to those present that they should not only take to Khadi, but spare at least half an hour every day for spinning. By doing this, he said, they would be contributing to the national regeneration.

Referring to the significance of Ganpati Utsav Mr. Dhirubhai said that the late Lokmanya Tilak had glorified it into a sort of National Festival in order to bring together the different communities and sections and establish unity.

The speaker urged on complete removal of untouchability and said that Hinduism had no place for narrow-mindedness nor for intolerance of any sort. In the light of this, he said, the treatment meted out to the Harijans appeared to be most unreasonable and he appealed to all right-minded Hindus to wipe out this blot of untouchability from Hinduism.

The meeting was presided by Dr. S. V. Oak.

SADIQ ALI MEETS CITY CONGRESSMEN

A.I.C.C. Secretary Reviews Situation In Country

Mr. Sadiq Ali, Office Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, who has been touring the country, arrived in Bombay on Tuesday evening. Immediately on arrival he addressed a meeting of Congress workers from "E", "F" and "G" Wards in the premises of the Rashtriya Kamgar Sangh, Parel.

Mr. Dhirajlal Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, introduced Mr. Sadiq Ali to the workers. Mr. Sadiq Ali reviewed the situation in the provinces he had visited and said that he carried the impression that the same enthusiasm was evident everywhere as when the struggle was launched about a year ago. Those present asked several questions which he answered.

The meeting lasted about two hours at the conclusion of which Mr. C. K. Narayanswami thanked him on behalf of all those present.

AUSTRALIAN LABOUR STANDS FOR UNITY

CANBERRA, Sept. 2.

In a statement to-day Mr. Curtin the Australian Labour leader, said, there was complete national unity regarding the war. Labour would govern when given a mandate by the people or if disintegration and dissension among its political opponents resulted in a call being made to Labour.—[illegible]

MAISKY THANKS ASSAM STUDENTS' LEADER

GAUHATI, Sept. 2.

Mr. M. M. Borpujari, Secretary of the Assam Students' Federation, has received the following cable from M. Maisky, Soviet Ambassador at London, in reply to a message sent by him on behalf of the Federation:—

"Please accept my sincere thanks and appreciation for your greetings and confidence in final victory, which I am conveying to proper quarter."—A. P.

Students To Launch Campaign For Civil Liberties

All-India Students' Council Congratulates Bombay For Lead On Unity Squads

CALCUTTA, September 2.

About sixty delegates from twelve Provincial Students' Federations attended the meeting of the All-India Students' Council which concluded its three-day session in Calcutta yesterday.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. K. M. Ahmed, a former President of the Bengal Provincial Students' Federation. Five resolutions were adopted at the session. The students expressed themselves on the communal situation in the country as also on the Soviet-German war.

The Council decided to start a country-wide campaign for civil liberties and to take initiative in forming civil liberties unions, where they did not exist.

Declaring their full confidence in the victory of the Soviet people, the Council stated that the youth of India were determined not to rest till the last battle had been won against the Fascist aggressors. The Council observed in this connection that in order to help the people of the U.S.S.R., the Indian people must line up in the united front of peoples against Fascism. It was decided to send a cable to M. Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Commissar.

The resolution on the communal situation congratulated the students of Bengal and Bombay on the "lead they have given to the whole country by organising unity squads for bringing about communal harmony and explaining the real nature of the so-called communal riots."—A. P.

Students' Federation Secretary Arrested

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

Mr. M. Faroqui, Secretary, All-India Students' Federation, was arrested this evening under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Faroqui was placed under arrest after he had addressed a meeting at the Marwari Chatra Nivas.—A. P.

MADRAS September 2.

The total contributions received and credited to the Madras Governor's war fund up to the close of business on Monday amounted to rupees 1,46,63,891-10-4.—A. P.

ALL OUT AID TO SOVIET

Trade Union Demand For Joint Anglo-Russian Trade Council

EDINBURGH, September 2.

Several important resolutions dealing with the war policy were moved by the T. U. C. General Secretary, Sir Walter Citrine, at to-day's Trade Union Congress.

The outstanding resolution was one welcoming Anglo-Soviet alliance, pledging Trades Union movement to do all in its power to enable Britain and her Allies to help the Soviet with munitions and war stores, and endorsing the proposal of the General Council for the establishment of an Anglo-Russian Trade Council, composed of equal numbers of representatives of the All-Union Central Council of Trades Unions of the Soviet and of British T. U. C. General Council and providing for regular meetings alternately in Russia and Britain for exchange of views and information upon Trades Union problems in the two countries.

The resolution adds that opportunity be offered for joint counsel and co-operation on matters of common concern on the definite understanding that there shall be no interference on questions of internal policy and organisation.

Citrine's Speech

In moving the resolution Sir Walter Citrine said that events had rendered singularly foolish the contentions of some who previously argued that the war was an imperialist one, in which the workers had no interest. Since Russia has been invaded such persons had changed their ideas and now considered that it was a struggle in which no sacrifice by the workers was too great. All would now be able to endorse the resolve to carry the struggle through to a successful issue.

"RED" DETERMINATION

The sacrifice of great undertakings like the Dnieper Dam transcended anything which any nation had done to prove its determination to resist to the end. The "scorched earth" theory was being carried into Russian industry and proved that the Russians would not hesitate, no matter what sacrifices were needed to defeat the invaders.

NO TRUCK WITH REDS

Sir Walter Citrine ridiculed the suggestion that the resolution meant that the T. U. C. was becoming permeated with communism. The T. U. C. attitude towards communism had been clearly defined. Sir Walter Citrine added: "We are not prepared to collaborate in any measure or degree with the British Communist Party. We have found them totally unreliable for carrying out any policy".

The resolution was unanimously adopted.—Reuter.

REGIMENTATION OF LABOUR

Japanese Reaction To President Roosevelt's Labour Day Speech

TOKYO, Sept. 2.

President Roosevelt's Labour Day speech has been interpreted here by authoritative circles as an indication of Mr. Churchill's success in enlisting the United States unlimited co-operation in the war with Germany.

These circles said that an "Atlantic Charter" has now become the United States' highest foreign policy. President Roosevelt apparently had in mind Britain's war needs rather than the United States' needs when he demanded unconditioned self-sacrifice of American industrial workers.

It is pointed out by these circles that the fact that the two Labour leaders, Mr. William Green and Mr. Philip Murray, following the lead set by White House towards labour, shows conclusively that regimentation is now reaching every corner of American life including labour.—Reuter.

New Zealand Favours Empire War Cabinet

MONTREAL, September 2.

New Zealand will favourably consider any proposal for more frequent and closer consultations between Ministers of the Empire regarding war efforts," declared Mr. Peter Fraser, Premier of New Zealand, when asked to comment on the possibility of an Imperial War Cabinet.

He added, "as favourable a consideration as possible" would also be given to any proposal for the formation of a body or council to represent the dominions overseas.—Reuter.

Nazi Raiders Over Britain

North-East Coastal Towns Raided: R.A.F. Attack On Cologne

LONDON, Sept. 2.

The R. A. F. continued its daylight operations from an early hour to-day and the sound of high-flying planes could be heard over a wide area of the South-East coast.

On the other side of the Channel the sound of distant anti-aircraft fire could be heard after the British planes had crossed the water.

NAZI RAIDS ON BRITISH TOWNS.

A German raid on one of the north-east England coast towns last night, although relatively short, was of a fairly serious character.

A number of persons were killed and others injured. At another place there was considerable damage to house property, resulting in three people being killed and six injured, while at another town five persons were killed and a number injured. Four more dead were reported from adjacent areas.

COLOGNE ATTACKED AGAIN.

Objectives at Cologne were again attacked by aircraft of the Bomber Command last night states an Air Ministry "communique." Though the attack was not on a heavy scale, good results were observed one aircraft is missing.—Reuter.

Enemy Air Activity Over Britain

LONDON, Sept. 2.

"Enemy activity last night though on a small scale was mainly directed against an area in north-east England, where some damage was done, and there were a number of casualties, some of which were fatal" says, an Air Ministry and Ministry of Home Security Communique this morning (Tuesday). "Elsewhere little damage was done, and the number of casualties reported is not large. Two enemy aircraft were destroyed during the night."

R. A. F. Bombers Over Germany

Aircraft of the bomber command attacked targets in Rhineland last night.

The Official German News Agency again reports raids over western Germany by the Royal Air Force last night.—Reuter.

Axis Position Captured In Tobruk Sector

CAIRO, September 2.

A Middle East "communique" says:

"TIBYA, TOBRUK:—During the night our patrols were active. In addition to inflicting casualties on the enemy in several sectors, they captured and occupied an enemy position.

During the morning there were heavy dive-bombing and high level bombing attacks. Despite the weight of the attacks in which about a hundred aircraft were employed, the damage and casualties were negligible.

In the frontier area there was considerable enemy shelling.—Reuter.

Supply Ship Attacked

LONDON, Sept. 2.

British bombers escorted by fighters this morning made low level attacks on an enemy supply ship off Dunkirk. The vessel which was protected by six anti-aircraft ships and four E-Boats was hit twice and left enveloped in smoke. Two Messerschmitt 109s were destroyed by British fighters. One Blenheim is missing, says an Air Ministry 'communique.'—Reuter.

R. A. F. TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT MISSING

LONDON, Sept. 2.

A transport aircraft of the R.A.F. Ferry Command is reported to be missing, according to an Air Ministry announcement. It left North America on September 1 and was due on this side on September 2. It carried six passengers and four crew.—Reuter.

Enemy Convoy Attacked

R.A.F. fighters successfully attacked an enemy convoy, off the French coast, during an offensive patrol on Monday evening. One aircraft is missing, states an Air Ministry Communique.—Reuter.

TURKISH BORDER CLOSED FOR GERMANS?

(Continued from page 1)

Iranian towns and characterised the reports as Axis propaganda. They revealed that before the cease fire order, considerable panic was noticeable among the Germans in Teheran and while the Britishers were seen moving about in every quarters of the city freely, the Germans huddled themselves in their legation. They expressed the opinion that the occupation of Meshed in north-east Iran by the Russians had further tightened the cordon round the Germans in Iran against whom the Turkish border had already been closed.—A. P.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

GANESHKHIND, Sept. 2.

Commander H. H. Robson and Engineer Commander W. Mathison arrived at Government House.—A. P.

'EN BLOC' RESIGNATION

Bihar Congressmen Decide To Walk Out Of Local Bodies

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, Sept. 2.

A decision to call upon Congressmen to resign 'en bloc' from local bodies in Bihar, has been unanimously decided upon by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held to-day in Siddequat Ashram, Dr Rajendra Prasad presiding. The Congress ex-Premier and ex-Finance Minister who were released from Hazari Bagh Jail attended the meeting.

This decision of the Congress crates a crisis in local self-Government, as Congressmen form majorities in fifteen out of sixteen District Boards.

HOUSE SEARCHES IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

Following searches in various parts of Calcutta, the police seized a large number of objectionable books.

Miss Aparna, a college student, and Miss Nanibala who were taken to the Special Branch headquarters were released after their statements recorded.

AJMERE STRIKE SITUATION

City Observes Hartal: Military Parades Streets

AJMERE, Sept. 2.

The strike situation in the B. B. and C. I. Loco Carriage Workshop took another turn yesterday consequent on the decision taken at a meeting held on the previous night.

Women and children of the workers were stationed in large numbers at the workshop gates and prevented even office staff from entering. No untoward incident is reported.

The police patrolled the labour areas and the military marched through the city which observed a hartal. Mr. Jhabwala, a Bombay Labour leader and Mrs. Jhabwala who arrived here some days ago are directing the workers and negotiating with the railway authorities.—A. P.

THAI APPEAL FOR WORLD PEACE

BANGKOK, Sept. 2.

With the European war entering the third year to-morrow (Wednesday), the Thai Government to-day issued a two-thousand word appeal to the Belligerent as well as neutral countries and to religious, educational and charitable institutions throughout the world to do all they can to bring about world peace.

It is pointed out that the appeal is essentially inspired by the religious outlook of the Thais who, as Buddhists, ardently desire the peace and happiness of the whole world.

"Therefore the smallness of our country's size" adds the appeal, "does not deter us from urging the great powers to work for immediate restoration of peace."—Reuter.

Fadden On Roosevelt's Speech

CANBERRA, Sept. 2.

Mr. Fadden, Australia's New Prime Minister, commenting on President Roosevelt's broadcast said two significant aspects emerged from the speech. One was the warning against complacency from the apparent slowing down of the German war machine.

The other Mr. Fadden added, was the unequivocal denunciation of any suggestion of negotiated peace with Hitler, which must represent the final crushing blow to any lingering hopes retained by the Axis that the United States is not prepared to stand by the democracies to the bitter end.—Reuter.

FIGHTING ON ENTIRE SOVIET FRONT

(Continued from Page 1)

is rendering insufficient assistance in the matter of armament.

The German Air Force is giving little support to Finnish land operations which is the reason why the Finnish army is suffering such extremely high losses.

This is causing deep dissatisfaction among Finnish soldiers towards their German "Allies". Moreover German troops have drained Finland of food supplies so the Finnish population is starving.

A special radio announcement on Monday night reported Soviet air raids on Berlin, Konigsberg, Danzig and Memel during August 31. Incendiary and high explosive bombs were dropped on military targets at all four places.

One Soviet machine did not return.—Reuter.

SIMLA, Sept. 2.—Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, left this afternoon for Lahore.—A. P.

On Eve Of Third Year Of War

FROM SUPREMACY OF SEA TO LEAD IN AIR

R.A.F. Out To Make Germany's Western Front Warmer, As Her Eastern Front Becomes More Bloody

From Reuter's naval correspondent:—

Glimpses of the increasing power of the British Navy can be seen in the record of achievements of that service during the second year of the war. A highlight of the year's war was the vast operation which ended in the sinking of 'Bismarck,' an operation which will go down to naval history as a masterpiece of co-ordination of widely scattered units and in particular of the dogged and skilful shadowing on the part of cruisers.

Other outstanding actions included the battle of Cape Matapan on March 28, the Fleet Arm's attack on the Italian Fleet at Taranto and the spectacular raid on Lofotens on March 4. The navy also did outstanding work while subjected to heavy punishment in the narrow waters around Greece and Crete during the evacuation of British troops.

BATTLE OF ATLANTIC

While these notable naval incidents of the year particularly capture the imagination, equally, important has been the incessant day-to-day task of escorting convoys, of far flung patrols to harass the enemy trade routes and of ensuring supplies to troops overseas. Naval warfare has been summed up as "ninety per cent monotony and ten per cent excitement" and the year just closed has been a perfect illustration thereof. In the battle of the Atlantic in particular smaller vessels of the Royal Navy, destroyers and Corvetters, put in a phenomenal amount of sea time, often with only a sufficiently long time in port to refuel, keeping open vital trade routes. The tremendous demands made on these vessels have been unfailingly fulfilled despite the great strain this has entailed, not only to personnel but equally to the ships themselves.

In this connection mention should be made of the great work done by the Engineers' Department in keeping the vessels in a full state of sea-going efficiency under these conditions.

In the course of these operations cruisers have been known to spend an average of some 25 days per month at sea steaming 102,000 miles in 300 days, while one destroyer recently completed 100,000 miles steaming since the beginning of the war. Submarines have been fully occupied making life difficult for the enemy along his coastal supply routes, routes on which he is forced more and more to rely, on account of the havoc which R. A. F Bombers wrought with internal rail communications.

EMPIRE NAVY

In all this work the Royal Navy has been ably assisted both by ships of the Indian and Dominion Navies and by vessels of Allied Fleets.

Of the latter it will be recalled that the Polish destroyer "Piroun" was the first destroyer to sight the "Bismarck." The "Piroun" came under heavy fire which she gallantly returned.

The greater part of the Netherlands Navy is doing splendid work in Dutch East Indies Waters. In the relentless war on enemy shipping four million seven thousand tons of German, Italian and other ships useful to the enemy have been captured, scuttled or sunk since the outbreak of the war. British, Allied and neutral losses up to the end of June amounted to 1,738 ships totalling 7,118,122 tons made up as follows:—British 1,078 ships of 4,605,132 tons, Allied 334 ships of 1,498,047 tons and Neutral 326 ships of 1,014,943 tons.—Reuter.

R.A.F.'S ROLE IN BATTLE FOR GERMANY

LONDON, September 2.

The following is a special article on the Royal Air Force at the opening of the third year of hostilities contributed by Reuter's Air Correspondent who was with the R.A.F. in France from the outbreak of the war until the close of the Battle of France and has since been accredited Air Correspondent with the R.A.F. in Britain:—

The Royal Air Force now has the initiative in the Anglo-German air duel. The reasons are threefold. They are of equal weight. Eighteen months of strategic bombing of Germany's industrial and military resources and particularly of the Luftwaffe, Europe's pre-war air giant, is the first reason. The war with Russia which Germany has embarked upon in order to ensure her military and economic position from the effects of this massive and carefully planned air assault is the second. Finally, the growth in the production of planes and intake of personnel—both have doubled in twelve months—is having its inevitable sequel. It is probable that American and Russian aid—the one long expected and yet to reach its full measure, the other unheralded and quickly at its maximum strength—has combined to tip the neatly balanced scales in this duel at the opening of the third year of hostilities in R.A.F's favour.

NEW AIR GIANT

A new air giant has arisen in Europe. It is not yet numerically a match for the Luftwaffe—half of which is fighting on the Eastern Front and half on the Western Front and the Mediterranean—but strategically and tactfully fit in a supreme position, the Battle of Britain has proved the R.A.F's power in defence beyond all dispute.

The Luftwaffe lost 2,375 aircraft, 375 R.A.F. fighter pilots were killed. That is now one whole year past. In the Battle of Germany now being pursued by day as well as night, the R.A.F. is preparing the way for the final defeat of tyranny with the sinister relentlessness of the combined force of Scotland Yard sleuths and federal g-men, out to crush the perpetrators of last year's smash-and-grab assault on the strong room of freedom. Naturally the losses have increased.

Hitherto, however, the cost of holding almost complete initiative has been relatively small. What is more, for every five planes which the R.A.F. lost over North-West Europe in July and August this year, at least four German defenders bit the dust.

The cost of the Luftwaffe of the July-August offensive against Britain last year was four to one in planes.

Here are the figures for 1941.

R.A.F. losses 513.

Luftwaffe 420.

The following are the figures for 1940.

Luftwaffe losses 1,338.

R.A.F. losses 347.

Even allowing for certain latitude in the figures of air losses—a latitude which both sides enjoy—these prove conclusively the technical lead which the R.A.F. had gained with its eight-gun fighters in 1940 has been maintained with its faster harder hitting and higher flying fighters today, rising to the world's fastest pursuit plane the four hundred mile per hour spitfire, the most powerfully armed type of Bristol Beaufighter with its four cannon and six machineguns and aircraft with operational ceilings in excess of 35,000 feet.

R.A.F. LEAD

As the noted writer on aeronautical matters, Major Oliver Stewart has written, aircraft speeds have gone up by something like ten per cent, heights by forty per cent and loads and fire power by hundred per cent in two years. In all these directions, the R.A.F. has kept its lead, and in the American Boeing, probably possesses the best bomber in existence. From the Air Ministry's review of the R.A.F. after two years of warfare published to-day, it is clear that the main task of the R.A.F. bomber command is to make Germany's Western Front warmer, as her Eastern Front becomes more bloody.

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WILL COMMENCE BUSINESS SHORTLY

The Half-Column By "Dim"

I lunched yesterday with Verrier Elwin. Picked him up from the musty Royal Asiatic, where he was doing a little "silver-fishing" for his next book. From what I could gather he is working on two books—one of which will be published by the Oxford University Press and which will, I am sure, be another substantial contribution to anthropology It's rather stimulating to get Elwin to oneself for a brief while. But then anyone with that background is bound to be interesting. He is one of the few Englishmen who will make a lasting name for themselves in this country, and of course in the world outside. Yet, when I come to think of it, not one in ten of the haw-hawing type of Englishman who lunched around us knew who he was or what he was doing. Our world is too full of glorified demi-mondes to have any time for men with vision and men with ideals. Today on the ballroom floor it is the hair-dresser, the dress-maker, the shop-girl who matters, not the Elwins, not those who are making some permanent contribution to the problems of the world. I think when the New World Order comes, Government should consider opening a new department presided over by a Director of Values. It is essential to our living.

* * *

Tackling a tough problem is the Bombay Students' Union, who have arranged a series of lectures on the communal problem. The idea is to get various points of view. The month of September is devoted to this and the programme includes the following speakers: K. M. Munshi, K. F. Nariman, A. A. A. Fyzee, Purshotamdas Tricumdas, Saif B. Tyabjee, K. A. Abbas, Mahadeobhai Desai. There is also to be a communal dinner on September 10th at Mantri House at 7 p. m. You'll be charged eight annas, but it's more the idea of young men dining together that is the real thing.

* * *

"Zoroastrian", that prolific contributor to the columns of the local press, sends the following quotation from "Truth:" "When all available third-class accommodation is fully occupied on a train, passengers with third-class tickets may use first-class compartments without paying extra fare This rule has long been observed unofficially, if not officially on the railways, and it has recently received explicit confirmation from the Ministry of Transport". May we have a similar official declaration in India?

* * *

Gestapo Agent P. Q. 13 sends the following:

V for Victory
And
A phorism
B eaverbrook.
C for yourself.
D efamation.
E ve home hearties.
F fervescent.
G for police.
H for himself and the devil take the hindmost.
I vor Novello.
J affa Orange.
K afe Royal.
L for leather.
M phasis.
N for a penny, in for a pound.
O for a drink.
P fora and after.
R for crown.
S phodel.
T for two.
U for me.
V for la France
W for quits.
X for breakfast.
Y for you call me Ikey?
Z for a joke?

* * *

The Kaiser-I-Hind Annual is no different to the other annuals that have emerged on such occasions as Pateti, Divali and Christmas. One gets a little tired of articles on Viceroys and Governor-Generals from the Jeejeebhoy family, pictures of unknown babies. Miss Dorothy Lamour and authors who string their diplomas and degrees. Frankly, it is a form of journalism that is an anachronism in our midst. Let me go through a few of the article-titles: How Abraham Lincoln saved a boy murderer?., the Parsees and the Textile Industry. What is wrong with India. Well I may be wrong but I think this type of journalism is dead and it breaks my heart to have to see year after year go by and nothing done to change the groove into which journalism finds itself.

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CONTRETEMPS AT PARTY TO MR. ANEY AT YEOTMAL

(From A Correspondent.)

YEOTMAL, Sept. 1.

Shri Bapuji Aney, Viceroy's Executive Councillor-designate, was entertained on 16th August in the local Town Hall by the Rais of the Yeotmal District. The general management and supervision work of this semi-official party was in the hands of the Government Officials. The flag-post of the Nagar Congress Committee was used for the Union Jack. Mr. Kathale, a staunch Congressman and an old friend of Mr. Aney, saw the latter at his residence and protested against the wrongful use of the Congress post. Mr. Aney is reported to have pleaded his helplessness in the matter.

When Mr. Kathale wanted the officials to take away the Union Jack, he was kept in custody over 2-1/2 hours by the Circle Inspector.

Mr. Kathale had sent the above information to Mahatmaji for guidance. Mahatmaji has forwarded the complaint to the President of the V. P. C. C. for inquiry and report. Mr. Kathale has also complained to the D. C. and D. S. P. It is learnt that both the inquiries are under investigation.

Andhra Congress Secretary For Vellore Jail

VELLORE, Sept. 2.

Mr. Kala Venkatarao, General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee was brought here to-day for detention in the Vellore Jail.

He was released from the Alipuram jail yesterday on the expiry of his term of imprisonment and immediately rearrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

ORISSA EX-MINISTER RELEASED

BERHAMPUR, September 2.

Mr. Bodhram Dube, ex-Minister, Orissa, was released from Berhampur Jail yesterday after completing his full term of imprisonment.

He had been awarded nine months' S. I. for having offered Satyagraha on the 2nd December last.—A. P.

Nagpur Congress President Arrested

NAGPUR, September 2.

Mr. B. L. Chandak, M.L.A, President of the Nagpur Provincial Congress Committee was arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules, for a speech delivered last month at Kampte. —A. P.

Released M.L.A.s See Rajen Babu

PATNA, Sept. 2.

Mr. Satyanarayan Sinha, M.L.A. (Central), and Mr. Mahamaya Prasad Sinha, M.L.A. who were released from the Hazirabagh Jail on the expiry of their terms of imprisonment arrived here yesterday and met Dr. Rajendra Prasad.—A. P.

Abdul Gaffar Khan To Tour Frontier Province?

PESHAWAR, Sept. 2.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan who along with Khan Ali Gul Khan, President of the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee, and Qazi Ataullah, ex-Minister, returned from Kashmir, is expected to undertake a tour of the province.

It may be mentioned that only in July last Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan made an extensive tour of the province after which he was considerably reduced and advised to take rest.—United Press.

PLIGHT OF RATLAM POLITICALS

(From A Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.

Information received from Ratlam says that the Prajamandal President, Dr. Devisinha, Messrs. Chandmal Mehta, Biharilal Vyas Juggankhan, Chhunnukhan and two other workers who have been sentenced to 9 and 12 years' rigorous imprisonment, are not treated as political prisoners in the jail.

They are treated like criminals. Fetters have been imposed and hard work is given to them. Mr. Chandmal Mehta, the Secretary of the Prajamandal, is not keeping good health and is in a critical condition. Had work is given to all the political prisoners.

Although 14 days have passed since they were sentenced the copy of the judgment is not handed to the prisoners.

MAHATMA GANDHI AND RATLAM

The Convener of the Ratlam Political Prisoners' Defence Committee and General Secretary of the Central India States' People's Conference, Syt. Kanhaiyalal D. Vaidya has furnished Mahatma Gandhi the details of the Ratlam Political Conspiracy Case and the All-India States' People's Conference has sent the copy of the report of Ratlam enquiry submitted by Pandit Dwarikanath Kachru of the Research Bureau to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

PANDIT NEHRU'S MESSAGE

It may be recalled here that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the All-India States' People's Conference had deputed Syt. Dwarikanath Kachru, last year, to observe and report the Ratlam situation. The report submitted by Syt. Kachru was published and when the Central India States' People's Conference executive decided to form a Defence Committee in a meeting presided by Acharya Narendradeva Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru had supported the appeal of the Defence Committee in the following words:—

"The Prajamandal workers implicated in the Ratlam trials deserve every help and I commend this appeal to the public".

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU.

RUTLAM POLITICAL GETS CHOLERA ATTACK

Plea For Release On Parole

(From A Correspondent).

DOHAD, Sept. 2.

Mr. Beharilal Vyas, Secretary, Ratlam State Prajamandal, who was convicted recently for eleven years in the Ratlam Conspiracy Case had an attack of cholera. His condition is reported to be serious and it is understood he was removed to hospital.

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Vice-President of the Central India States' People's Conference, has wired to the Ratlam Dewan, requesting release of Mr. Beharilal on parole.

Ban On Two 'Forward Bloc' Workers

DACCA, Sept. 1.

Gopal Krishna Bhattacharjee, office-secretary of the Dacca District Forward Bloc and a student of the Dacca University, has been served with an order under the Defence of India Rules, prohibiting him from taking part or addressing any meeting or procession and from leaving the district of Dacca. He has been further directed to report himself to Kotwali police daily. The order will remain in force for one month.

Anil Sen, another prominent Forward Bloc worker, has been served with an order prohibiting him from associating with 30 specified political workers.—A. P.

A. I. C. C. Official Meets Karnatak Congressmen

DHARWAR, August 31.

Mr. Sadiq Ali, Office Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, who is touring Karnatak, visited Dharwar yesterday. He met the heads of the various District Congress Committees and discussed with them the local problems.

In the evening he met Congress workers from all over Karnatak and explained to them the present Satyagraha campaign with special reference to the constructive programme. Mr. Sadiq Ali left for Belgaum to-day, where he concludes his Karnatak tour.—A. P.

Two Congressmen To Shout Anti-War Slogans

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two Congressmen of Bombay, Mr. Shamu Shetty and Mr. Venkatesh Appa Shenoy, propose to offer satyagraha in the city on Wednesday.

Mr. Shamu Shetty proposes to offer satyagraha at 6-30 p.m. at Congress House while Mr .Shenoy will shout anti-war slogans at 6 p.m. near Vithal Mandir, Fergusson Road.

With this batch, the total number of Congresmen to participate in the satyagraha campaign launched by the B.P.C.C. is 140.

Betrayal Unprecedented In Anglo-Indian History

Bengal Assembly Denounces Indo-Burma Agreement And Demands Steps For Its Early Modification

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

The Bengal Legislative Assembly adopted this evening without any opposition a resolution moved on behalf of the Ministerial Coalition Party to the effect that "the House considered the recent Indo-Burma Agreement as detrimental to India's interest and discriminatory in its provisions and that it undermines the honour of Indians abroad and will have injurious and harmful repercussions on the status and rights of Indians settled in British Dominions, Colonies and in foreign countries."

The resolution added that "in view of the fact that the agreement will affect a large number of the people of Bengal, this Assembly urges upon the Government of Bengal to represent to the Government of India the feelings of resentment and apprehension aroused by the agreement and to impress upon it the necessity of taking early steps for its modification."

Moving the resolution Mr. A. R. Siddiqi said:—

I rise to protest against a wrong done to India, recently, through an inhuman document containing the terms of the Indo-Burma Immigration Agreement, to which, by an irony of fate, an Indian has affixed his signature for and on behalf of this great Dependency of the British Crown, in Asia. My story is a sad and pathetic one. It deals with a betrayal unprecedented even in the annals of Anglo-Indian history. The Indo-Burma Immigration Agreement, is a settlement arrived at, secretly and in haste, which seeks, as between two members of the family of nations called the British Empire, namely Burma and India to regulate and "examine the question of Indian immigration into Burma", and "to secure for the Indian community, settled and resident in Burma, recognition of their legitimate rights".

INDIANS' RIGHTS SIGNED AWAY.

Factually, Sir, the leader of the Indian Delegation was bamboozled by the clever men in Rangoon, for, in the hurry and excitement of his coming departure for the United States of America as the Agent-General of the Government of India, he signed away the rights and privileges of his countrymen and sold his country. We have yet to find out whether he had the authority of the Government of India to sign the document when, on his own admission, he was on a fact-finding mission of a purely exploratory character and whether he did submit the Agreement to be "considered by the Government of India just and equitable" and if he tried to find out whether his handiwork was "acceptable to the Indian opinion." When the whole world to-day is talking of freedom of trade, freedom of the seas, breaking of tariff walls, free access to raw materials by every nation and of "open door" policies, our representative comes back from Burma, smiling and happy, with the unique distinction of having put his hand and seal to a "closed door" Agreement.

It has been broadcast, far and wide, that the Standing Emigration Committee and the Burma 'ad hoc' Committee had agreed to the terms of the settlement. It was perhaps this that led, the Honourable the Revenue Minister to state, in the Legislative Council, on the 15th August, that "the Agreement arrived at between the Governments of Burma and India had the unanimous support of the Indian residents in Burma". This is far from the truth. The Burma Indian Chamber of Commerce, The Burma Indian Association and the Nattukottai Chettiyars Association have protested against it in no uncertain language and their representatives are in India to-day to acquaint the Government of India of their "deep discontent" over the Agreement. I have authority to state that the Standing Emigration Committee was never shown the Baxter Report and, what is still more reprehensible, that the Committee was coerced into acquiescence by being told that the Burma 'ad hoc' Committee had given its consent to the terms of the Agreement.

CUMBERSOME LEGACY

I cannot refrain from saying that the Agent-General-designate for India in the United States of America, has left a cumbersome legacy for his countrymen, which every self-respecting and honourable Indian will reject with contempt. He has also left an ugly baby for the newly appointed Member for Overseas Affairs to carry, as best as he can. Discrimination is writ large across this Agreement and as Gandhiji has put it, it is "penal" in character.

The three Government of India officials who formed the Indian Delegation to Burma, did exceed, on their own admission, the powers entrusted to them, in that they proceeded from exploration to finalisation and signature without realizing that, besides undermining India's status in a foul manner, they were doing a positive disservice to the Empire at a most critical juncture.

UNLIKE CEYLON

I have been wondering whether both India and Burma have been fooled in the matter of this Agreement by the City of London and its agents in Delhi and Rangoon. In negotiating a Trade Agreement with Ceylon, the Government of India was adamant that Trade and Immigration be taken together. The process was reversed in the case of Burma, which has a larger Indian population and wider business connections.

DENOUNCE THE AGREEMENT.

The Trade Agreement between India and Burma can be terminated at six months' notice by either side If the Government of India fails to secure terms consistent with the dictates of justice, fairplay and cordial neighbourly relations, then there is no other course left open to it except to denounce the Trade Agreement without any avoidable delay.

NEGATION OF JUSTICE.

Mrs. Nellie Sen Gupta (Congress), in supporting the resolution said that Chittagong (her constituency) was vitally interested in this problem as thousands of Chittagongians' were in Burma.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Opposition, said: "I condemn the Indo-Burma Agreement because it is essentially discriminatory in character; I condemn it because it ignores the fundamental rights of India and Indians which were guaranteed at the time of passing of the Government of Burma Act in 1935; I condemn it because some of its provisions are humiliating and are calculated to wound the honour and self-respect of India and Indians; and lastly, I condemn it because some of its provisions really amount to a negation of the elementary principles of justice so far as India and Indians are concerned."

Mr. C. Griffith (Anglo-Indian) also supported the motion.

GOVT. ATTITUDE.

Speaking on behalf of the Government, Sir Bijay Prasad Singh Roy, Revenue Minister, said that Government did not propose to express any opinion on the merits of the resolution. They would forward the proceedings of the House on the matter to the Government of India. Government, he informed the House, proposed to submit their views on the Indo-Burma Agreement to the Government of India after taking into full consideration the views expressed in this House.

New Resident For Mysore

SIMLA, Sept. 2.

H. E. the Viceroy has been pleased to make the following appointments in the Indian Political Service:—

Lt.-Col. D. De M. S. Fraser, at present Resident in Kashmir to be Resident in Mysore vice the Hon Lt.-Col. J. De La Hay Gordon granted leave from the end of November, pending retirement.

Mr. C. L. Corfield, at present Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Quetta-Pishin, to be resident for the Punjab States from the end of September, vice the Hon Mr. C. P. Skrine, required for service elsewhere.

Lt.-Col. L. E. Barton, at present Resident for the Eastern States, to be Resident in Kashmir vice Col. Fraser.

Lt.-Col. C. P. Hancock, at present Deputy Secretary in the Political Department to be Resident for the Eastern States, vice Col. Barton.—A. P.

All-Parties Sikh Committee

AMRITSAR, Sept. 2.

Sardar Baldev Singh, M.L.A., President of the All-Parties Sikh Conference, held here on 10th August last to protest against the non-inclusion of a Sikh in the Viceroy's Executive Council, has formed a Working Committee of 21 members which he was authorised to do, in order to give a practical shape to the decisions of the conference.

Sir Jogendra Singh, Master Tara Singh, Sardar Kartar Singh, M.L.A., Sardar Sant Singh, M.L.A (Central) and Sardar Bahadur Ujjal Singh are among the members of the Committee. —A. P.

Gujarat College Protest Strike

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1.

Students of the Gujarat College declared to-day a one-day protest strike against the new S. R. C.

A students' meeting was held outside the College premises, when Miss Mrudulaben Sarabhai was present.

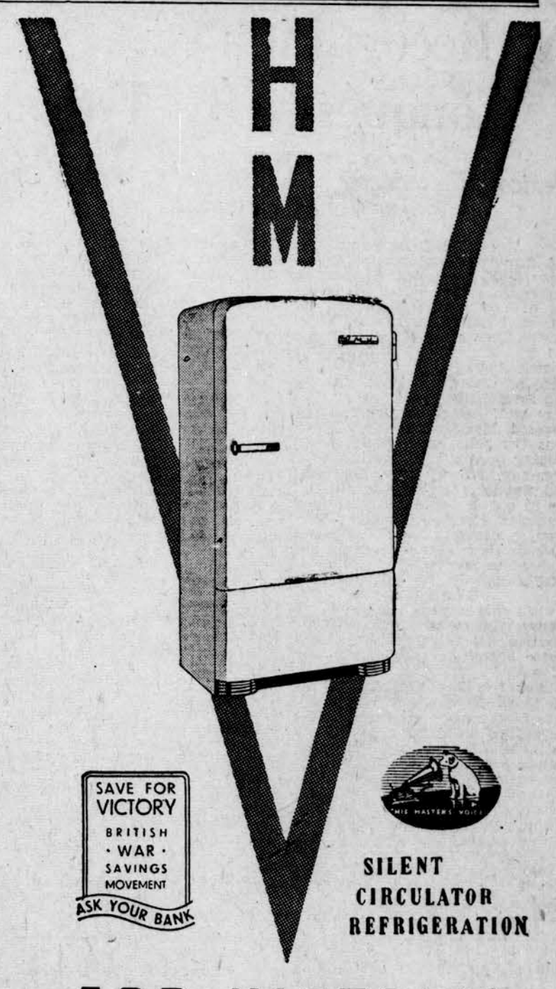
Students are organising for struggle against new S. R. C. A statement will be issued by Miss Mrudulaben and Patwari in this connection.

Fazlul Huq To Attend

SRIANGAR, Sept. 1.

It is understood that Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, will attend the 17th All-India Educational Conference to be held in Kashmir from September 25 to 29. Prof. K. T. Shah, General Secretary of the National Planning Committee, will also attend the Conference.

His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir will inaugurate the Conference on September 26.—United Press.



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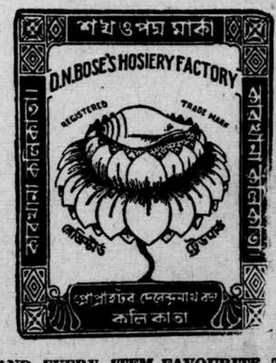

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AROUND CITY COURTS

SOCIAL VICE CASE

Eight More Witnesses Examined

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

When the hearing of the trial of Bannubai alias Laxmibai Kohli and her husband Motiram C. Kohli was resumed after the lunch recess on Tuesday afternoon at the Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, eight witnesses were examined on behalf of the defence.

One witness, a Christian girl who described herself as an ayah in the service of the accused testified to the effect that the allegation made by the prosecution that the accused were keeping girls for the purposes of prostitution was not true. She was one of the two Christian girls mentioned in the prosecution evidence as being used for immoral purposes. This charge the witness deposed was untrue as she could swear on oath that besides herself and the Irani girl there were no other young women in the house. She served in the capacity of an ayah and the Irani girl did the work of a cook, while in the employment of the accused.

The same witness further stated that it was not correct to say that accused Bannubai had no female child. In fact the chief duty of the witness was to look after the baby girl of the accused.

CHILD ON SHIP

Earlier Mr. P. G. Nayampalli, a fellow-passenger who travelled with the two accused during their voyage from Iran to Bombay on the s.s. "Vita" said that while on board the ship he saw Bannubai nursing an infant. He was quite sure of it, as he could vividly recollect that the beds of the accused were by the side of his. He was, however, not prepared to say on oath whether the child produced in the Court was the same one.

The rest of the witnesses were all clerks from different local commercial firms whose evidence related to the business connections the second accused had with their respective firms.

It was stated by these witnesses that accused purchased goods worth thousands from their firms in the course of his dealings with them. Specific transactions were mentioned by each witness and invoices relating thereto were produced.

None of the above-mentioned witnesses could, however, say whether accused had any partners in his business but all the invoices to their knowledge were signed by the accused.

The court rose at 6-15 p.m. The case is proceeding.

Mr. B. D. Boarivalla appeared for the Crown while Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and Mr. M. B. Samarth defended the two accused.

Mr. Vafadar K. Irani, watched the proceedings on behalf of the Irani Anjuman of Bombay.

Hostile Witness Must Be First Examined-In-Chief

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen)

Sadeppa Gireppa Mutgi and 7 Others. Versus Imperator.

In the village of Margankop there was a certain Annappa who was dreaded by the villagers as a dangerous criminal. On 21st October 1940, Annappa along with four others was going to another village to collect a debt due to him when he was waylaid and beaten to death with hatchets and sticks. The accused were eventually arrested at Belgaum and Khanapur many days later. They were charged with having committed the murder of Annappa under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code and with the offences of rioting and of rioting armed with a deadly weapon under Sections 147 and 148 respectively of the same Code. The Sessions Judge of Belgaum, who tried the accused with the aid of assessors for the ouence of murder and with the aid of the same assessors as jurors for the cxarges of rioting, on 20th June 1941, convicted and sentenced all the accused to transportation for life for the ouence of murder and with regard to the charges of rioting he made a reference to the High Court under Section 307 of the Code of Criminal Procedure as he did not agree with the jury's unanimous verdict of acquittal. The reference by the Sessions Judge as well as the appeal by the accused against their conviction for murder came up before their Lordships for hearing.

Their Lordships did not believe the evidence of the eye-witnesses. Because the Sessions Judge thought that one of the companions of the deceased had turned hostile to the prosecution, he treated the other companion who gave evidence after him also as a hostile witness and tendered him for cross-examination from the very outset of his evidence. Their Lordships held that this procedure was inconsistent with Section 138 of the Indian Evidence Act and "he must in some way be examined-in-chief before he can be cross-examined. However, the practice of tendering a witness for cross-examination certainly should not be employed in the case of an important eye-witness". Their Lordships further felt it very difficult to believe the story of the eye-witnesses that Annappa who was the terror of the village suddenly adopted the technique of non-violence" and threw down the axe he carried whereupon he was promptly beaten to death. His Lordship the Chief Justice then observed, "this story illustrates what I have often suspected, that the efficacy of non-violence depends on an intelligent selection of the party on whom it is to be tried." Their Lordships therefore allowed the appeals and acquitted all the accused of the offence of murder, and, as the offences of rioting in respect of which the reference had been made by the Sessions Judge rested on the same evidence, their Lordships made no order on the reference.

M. Purshottum Tricumdas with Mr. B. D. Belvi, appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader, Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar appeared for the Crown.

FINED RS. 700 FOR RUNNING DEN

Govind Rama Chandra, a railway clerk, was fined Rs. 700 or in default to undergo seven weeks' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. D. S. Babrekar, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, when he was charged with running a common gaming house for the purpose of gambling.

Accused was arrested during a raid carried out by the City Police on a room near Portuguese Church, Girgaum, on March 11.

Bengal Satrap Talks Of Fight Against Racial Arrogance

But Sovereignty Is Vouchsafed Only To Nations Overrun By Hitler

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2.

"We are fighting not only in self-defence, but to restore the right of national existence to all those countries which have been overthrown by Hitler, and brought into bondage.

We are fighting against the racial arrogance of Germany, to preserve the liberty, the ideals and the traditions that we hold dear."

Thus observed H. E. the Governor of Bengal, broadcasting tonight from the Calcutta station of the All-India Radio on the eve of the 2nd anniversary of war.

He said that by slow degrees the tide of warfare had drawn nearer to India. "We in Bengal should learn the lessons of the war, and realise that things which appear to be of the utmost importance in times of peace are only of secondary importance in times of war and danger."—A. P.

Nizam's Railway Board To Be 'Swadeshi'

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 2.

It is learnt that the Nizam's Government are contemplating to introduce very soon some radical changes in the constitution of their present Railway Board. It is stated that the composition of the Board as it stands to-day, having a number of members who reside in British India, will under the proposed changes be of a preponderatingly local and indigenous character.—United Press.

PARSI CHARITIES

Total Of Rs. 25 Lakhs During Yezdejardi 1310, Says Paymaster

According to Mr. Rustom B. Paymaster, the well-known Parsi chronicler, the Parsis in India donated, during the Yezdejardi year 1310 (which closes on Thursday, September 4), a total sum of Rs 25 lakhs of rupees towards charitable purposes, including two lakhs given in charity at the time of the Oothamna ceremonies of the Parsi dead during the year and four lakhs of rupees donated for constructing buildings meant for charitable or religious purposes. The principal sums of donations that comprise the abovementioned total of 25 lakhs include the following:—

Rs. 300,000 for War Gifts Funds; Rs. 283,341 sums received by the Parsi Punchayet; Rs 253,313 from N. M. Wadia Charities; Rs. 150,000 by Sir Ness Wadia for St. Peter's School; Rs. 121,243 for Surat Parsi Orphanage; Rs. 120,000 from Mr. J. R. Vakharia of Broach; Rs 100,000 by Sir Cushrow and Sir Ness Wadia for War Gifts Funds; Rs. 98,029 to the Parsi Unemployment Relief Fund; Rs. 75,000 from Sir Tata Charities; Rs. 60,000 from Sir Dorab Tata Charities Trust; Rs. 60,000 for scholarship founded by Mr. Minocher Dubash in memory of his brother, late Mr. Fakirji Cowasji; Rs. 40,000 from Miss Baiai Palamkote. Gift to the Bombay University.

A sum of over Rs. 6,000 has been donated to the Banaji Limji Agiari Funds, including Rs. 5,000 from a Zoroastrian for performing religious ceremonies, and Rs 1,000 from the Trustees of late Mr Ardeshar Sagar for religious ceremonies.

FEARS OF SCARCITY IN JUNAGADH

Dewan Convenes Meeting Of State Subjects To Devise Preventive Measures

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUNAGADH, Aug. 30

In view of the present anxious conditions due to poor rainfall the Dewan of Junagadh had invited the public at a meeting in the compound of the Secretariat on 30th Aug. to invite suggestions from the public regarding the ways and means to meet the situation.

Leading representatives of the public, the zamindars, vahivatdars, merchants and patels of the mahals were present.

Opening the proceedings the Dewan Saheb said that they were all praying and would continue to pray, to God to bless them by a beneficial down pour.

In the meanwhile they must examine their present situation and devise ways and means to alleviate the distress should the rains fail. The present crop so far as could be ascertained from all the mahals in the state, appeared to be in a fairly satisfactory condition so far, but they needed abundant water very early and very badly and if there was no appreciable rainfall in the next few days, they would suffer tremendously. Similarly if there was no further substantial rainfall that season scarcity of drinking water would be felt in all the Mahals in January next and they would have to make other sources of water supply available by deepening the existing wells or rigging new wells to carry them through the six months till the advent of the next monsoon. As regards grass, the Dewan observed, that he found with regret that it had not received sufficient rainfall for a full-growth.

BAN ON EXPORT OF GRAIN

As regards a regular supply of grains to the ryots at a reasonable price, the State had already prohibited the export of Bajri outside the State by land or sea and it would take further prompt measures in regard to other commodities, if necessary. Lastly the Dewan assured those present that His Highness the Nawab Saheb's Government would take all possible measures to alleviate the distress of the people and of the dumb cattle. And the State in turn expected of all classes to remain at their places in confidence that everything possible would be done for them and not to lend their ears to mischievous and panicky rumours.

After the Dewan's speech the representatives of the people were invited to make their suggestions if any and a number of them spoke making various suggestions.

Rao Bahadur Shiddatrai T. Mankad, Law Member, thanked the jagirdars and other representatives for responding to the call of the Dewan and promised them on behalf of the Dewan that their suggestions would receive his careful consideration.

Policy For Benefit Of Wife Amounts To Trust

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Somjee)

Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada ...Plaintiff Versus

Martha Mary Sequeira & Anr. ...Defendants

One Calist D'Silva insured his life with the plaintiff-company and one of the terms of the Policy was that the amount of the policy was to be paid to his wife Stephena. Stephena predeceased the assured. The assured then assigned the policy to his second wife (the second defendant). The first defendant was the legal representative of the deceased Stephena. The assured died in April 1937 and both the defendants claimed the amount of the policy in opposition to each other.

Relying on Section 6 of the Married Women's Property Act of 1874, his Lordship held that as the policy had been effected by the assured on his own life for the benefit of Stephena it operated as a valid declaration of trust in her favour and Stephena took an immediate vested interest in the policy which passed on her death in the lifetime of her husband to her personal representatives as part of her estate. His Lordship then referred to the case of Cousins v. The Sun Life Assurance Society ((1933) 1 Ch. D.126) and held that the subsequent assignment by the assured in favour of his second wife was bad. His Lordship, however, held that the estate of the assured was entitled to recover out of the amount payable to the estate of Stephena, the amount of the premiums paid after Stephena's death as he was under no liability to keep the policy on foot.

Mr. Y. B. Rege instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bailey and Co. appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. S. A. Desai instructed by Messrs. Dias and Co. appeared for the first defendant.

Bail For Murder Suspect

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Babu Gulab, who was arrested by the City Police on Saturday last on suspicion of being involved in the murder of Changia Chindia was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Court, to-day. The accused is alleged to have assaulted the deceased at Kazipura while the latter was returning home in the evening. The deceased collapsed, and died immediately after.

In applying for the release on bail of the accused Babu, Mr. Vasant V. Desai stated that medical evidence at the Coroner's Court showed that the accused had died of heart-failure. The jury had also observed that the charge of murders could not stand. He therefore requested the Magistrate to release the accused on bail.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 500.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO WOMAN.

Miss Gladys M. Stump, a 29 years old Anglo-Indian lady, residing at the G. I. P. Railway Blocks, Byculla, was knocked down by a motor lorry at Victoria Gardens Road on Monday afternoon. Her body was removed to the J. J. Hospital morgue for 'post-mortem' examination.

It appears she was crossing the road, when she noticed a lorry coming towards her. It is stated she ran back after some hesitation. The lorry, in trying to avoid the girl, is said to have swerved hit a hydrant on the foot-path and fell on its side throwing a number of sugar bags on to the girl. She fell on the road and was crushed to death.

The injured lorry driver is in hospital.

SEPTEMBER 3rd

(Continued from page 6)

chodas buy to-morrow? This war is getting on his nerves.

* * * *

Now it's cocktail time. The Captain has just returned from his arduous duties. The beard brings a trayful of glasses filled with drinks. By Jove! This war does take the stuffing out of you, milad, can't do a thing these days. Haven't had a binge since Saturday and it's Wednesday now. Must give Phoebe a ring. Nice girl that. Drinks like a fish and can take it. Must remember to answer these invitations. Dinner with Johnsons. Dance date with the Thompsons. About time I did my part in the war and entertained, the young captain says.

* * * *

It is 7 p. m. and at the Cricket Club, they are just beginning to do the Conga.

* * *

It is 8-45 and the All-India Radio is announcing the 159th edition of——?

* * *

It's midnight and the blond-haired Lieutenant is taking the floor with the manicurist from around the corner. The orchestra is playing "Good night, my love." Say, ain't this war grand?

B. D. Petit Hospital Collects Rs. 55,183

The following is a summary of a report by the Hon. Secretary of the Bomanjee Dinshaw Petit Parsee General Hospital:—

The Official Trustee of the late Mr. B.B. Bomanjee has been authorised to donate Rs. 40,749 in memory of the latter's mother, Bai Cooverbai

Bai Shirinbai D. Bhiwandiwalla donates Rs. 10,000. Rs. 4,334 have been collected from various benefactors of the hospital.

The institution has altogether collected Rs. 55,183 for various charity purposes.

Hyderabad Letter

GRANARIES LOOTED

Merchants Ignore Advice To Reduce Prices Of Foodstuffs?

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Aug. 31.

Mr. A. V. Thakkar, General Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, who arrived in Hyderabad on 27th instant left for Bezwada on 30th after inspecting the work of the Hyderabad Harijan Sevak Sangh.

During his brief stay Thakkar Bapa interviewed the Education Member and discussed with him about educational facilities afforded to Harijans in the State.

As a result of increased rates in foodstuffs and other materials and on the entreaties being disregarded more than one thousand labourers and Kisans looted the granaries at Khamam in Warangal district. It is said that they also ransacked the godowns belonging to the Andhra Bank and the Central Bank and took away all eatables and other material. The loss sustained by the merchants and the banks amounted to Rs. 30,000.

I understand that the local merchants were given notice to decrease the prices of foodstuffs which went unheeded resulting in the above consequence.

A VIRTUAL MONOPOLY?

It is understood that the Government of His Exalted Highness is said to have placed a proposal of granting a perpetual contract for manufacturing chemicals, metal and glassware on a large scale to Khan Bahadur Ahmed Allauddin of Secunderabad before His Exalted Highness. It is said that the scheme involves five crores of which half the capital would be advanced by the State.

Further details regarding the same are lacking but the public opinion is against granting such a perpetual contract.

A Telugu book entitled "Raitu" (Kisan) written by Mr. Valdurti Manik Rao, a propagandist of the Hyderabad Central Temperance Association has been proscribed in the State as in the opinion of the Government the book is said to contain certain objectionable material and preaches no-tax campaign. The proscription has been gazetted.

It was a shock to hear the arrest of a young worker Mr. D. H Desai, Secretary of the Hyderabad Village Reconstruction Association, says Mr. Kurudker in the course of a statement to the press. He says that he does not know on what grounds he was arrested and if it was on account of any misunderstanding on the part of the Government, Mr. Kurudker requests the authorities to kindly release Mr. Desai as he was not engaged in any subversive activities. Mr. Desai is now detained in Warangal jail and indisposed.

KILLED ON RAIL TRACK.

Hiralal Devidayal, (aged 45), was knocked down by a railway engine while crossing the track near Sewri Railway Station on Monday at about 7 p.m. The injured man was taken to the K. E. M. Hospital where he died at mid-night.

At the inquest held the jury returned at unanimous verdict of accidental death.

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IS IT CALM BEFORE STORM?

"War Will Start If Roosevelt-Nomura Talks Fail"

20,000 MEN OF PHILIPPINE ARMY RESERVES ENLISTED IN U. S. ARMY AT VARIOUS POINTS

MANILA, Sept. 2.

TWENTY THOUSAND OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE PHILIPPINE ARMY RESERVES WERE ENLISTED IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY THIS MORNING OF WIDELY SCATTERED POINTS THROUGHOUT THE PHILIPPINES.

UNITED STATES ARMY OFFICERS ACCEPTED THE TROOPS ON BEHALF OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

THE LARGEST GATHERING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE OATH WAS AT PORT MCKINLEY WHERE MAJOR-GENERAL J. M. WAINWRIGHT TOLD THOSE MUSTERED, "IN CASE WAR COMES, YOUR COUNTRY AND MINE WILL DO THEIR DUTY SIDE BY SIDE".

The discussions between President Roosevelt and the Japanese Ambassador Admiral Nomura are the principal subject of conversation and speculation among all circles in Chungking.

Despite certain amount of apprehension the Chinese generally disbelieve the possibility of the United States selling China down the river.

It is thought extremely unlikely that any settlement of the Far Eastern problems will result from the present discussions largely owing to, it is believed, the irreconcilability of the Japanese and the American points of view.

It is believed that Japan will insist on domination of East Asia and will refuse complete withdrawal from China, an attitude which, it is pointed out, here, is probably unacceptable to America.

If the discussions break down, it is opined here that events in the Far East will move rapidly with the opposing forces coming to an immediate show down.

On the other hand, it is suggested that the most that Japan can expect from these discussions would be a postponement of the show down with Britain and the United States in the Far East, with Japan giving assurances to make no move either in the south or the north, with the United States, in return, easing slightly the present economic pressure on Japan.

Pending receipt of full authentic information with regard to the Washington discussions, Chinese official circles are withholding comment at present except for maintaining that any settlement, if reached, must conform to the principles laid down in the Churchill-Roosevelt declaration.

Little Chance Of Settlement

The attention of the press in Shanghai especially of the pro-Chungking Chinese section, remains centred on the United States-Japanese talks.

A special dispatch from Washington to the Chinese American "Daily News" reputedly the mouthpiece of the Chungking Government, says that America would demand the complete withdrawal of Japanese forces from China as one of the conditions for the settlement of the far-eastern crisis.

The influential "Shumpao" says that the negotiations were prompted by Japan's desire to delay the outbreak of war in the Pacific so as to give her time to watch the development of the war on the eastern front.

Typical of pro-Nanking Chinese press comment in the "Central Chinese Daily News", the official organ of Wang-Ching Wei regime, which remarks that the Washington talks have been forced on America by impending collapse of Soviet Russia.

The most noteworthy foreign press comment is the American-owned "Shanghai Evening Post," which says that common grounds for Japanese-American understanding are difficult to find unless one party or the other is willing to withdraw from its avowed course.

Anyway, what Admiral Nomura or Prince Konoye wants or is willing to do carries no weight at all unless they are supported by the Japanese army.

Americans Evacuating Far East

Only 38 Americans sailed on Monday morning aboard the "President Garfield", one of the American liners assigned to evacuate Americans from the Far East.

Those sailing for the United States include some Americans who arrived from Japan aboard the Japanese liner "Tatuta Maru."

The "President Garfield" is proceeding to New York by a round about route—Hongkong, Singapore, South Africa and Trinidad.

Petrol Rationing In Nanking

Petrol rationing came into force in Nanking on Monday, according to Japanese reports. Under the rationing system all taxis, trucks and private cars have their consumption cut by 50 per cent. Buses and petrol-carrying trucks are exempted.

Storm May Start Soon

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.

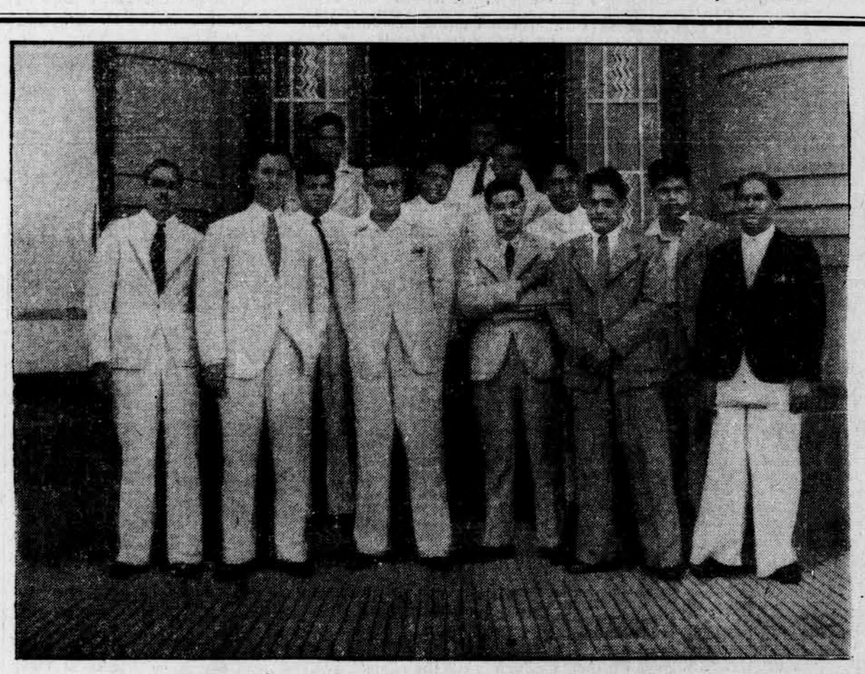
Though there has been no leak as to what the present American-Japan talks will cover, the general impression in Washington is that the relations between the two countries are in the condition of a ship in the calm centre of a typhoon and the storm may well be blowing again shortly.

Unofficial observers here believe that Japan in her talks with Washington will adopt only methods of give and take, offering concessions in return for concessions.

But what concessions the United States can give it is hard to see here, for no one believes that this Government is willing or ready to compromise on any principles on which its policy has been based since the Japanese invasion of Manchuria in 1931.

Many rumours are afloat in Washington as to what the United States might be willing to do but none is confirmable. American policy remains firm, that is to say Russia must be helped while she fights Nazism and the restrictions on Japan must remain while she continues her aggressive policy.

In other words, unofficial observers here fail to see what terms for a settlement of the present American-Japan difficulties, acceptable to the United States, could be forced on the Japanese army by the Japanese Government even if that Government were ready to accept such terms —Reuter.



Second from left is Mr. Lancaster, representative of 'March of Time' now in India; third from left is Mr. Britton, Far Eastern General Manager of R. K. O. The rest are film journalists of Bombay.

Europe Turned Into Prison

Dutch Premier Thanks U.S. A. For Help In Struggle Against Slavery

LONDON, Sept. 1.

Telling of the plight of eight million Dutch people under the Nazi rule, Doctor Gebrandy, Netherlands Prime Minister, stated in a broadcast to America last night, "You have given them a new hope: They are sure even while Hitler is strangling them, that your help will be in time"

Dr. Gebrandy drew the following picture of what is happening in Holland to-day:

"Practically all my leading political friends are in prison; many university professors are in concentration camps; crooks are in high positions; patriots are executed; corporal punishment and torture are practised as political instruments; thousands of labourers are blackmailed into working in German war factories; trials are held behind closed doors; prisons are overflowing; the axe is at the roots of the tree of freedom planted in the Netherlands centuries ago.

The whole of Europe is one big prison. Hitler, the devilish gaoler, knows no right, only might.—Reuter.

NAGPUR, Sept. 1.

A move to present Mahatma Gandhi with 73,00,000 yards of hand-spun yarn on the occasion of his 73rd birthday, is afoot here. Congress workers are making efforts in this direction.—United Press.

CHINA RECOGNISES FREE CZECH REPUBLIC

LONDON, Sept. 1.

The Chinese Government has afforded full recognition to the Czechoslovak Government in London and to Doctor Edward Benes as President of the Czechoslovak Republic.

They have appointed Mr. Wunch King, Minister to the Czechoslovak Government. He is also appointed Minister to the Dutch Government.—Reuter.

JAPANESE BOMB FAMOUS CHINESE TEMPLE

CHUNGKING, Sept. 2.

Detailed reports of Sunday's raid by Japanese bombers on Chungking show that bombs were dropped near the residences of two secretaries of the American Embassy and also staff of the American Standard Oil Company

A famous temple on the top of a hill was badly damaged and several monks were killed and wounded.

The swimming pool in a popular garden where many foreign residents spend Sunday was also bombed.—Reuter.

CHURCHILL CONGRATULATES MENZIE'S SUCCESSOR

CANBERRA, Sept. 2.

Mr. Churchill has cabled congratulations to Mr. Fadden on his appointment as the Commonwealth Prime Minister.

In his message Mr. Churchill reaffirmed Anglo-Australian Cabinet co-operation. He expressed satisfaction that Mr. Menzies is staying in the Cabinet.

The Australian Army Minister Mr. Spender may shortly leave for Malaya, it is understood, to study conditions among the Australian Imperial Forces there.—Reuter.

Admiral Leluc Resigns

Commander Of French Navy And One Of Those Who Signed Armistice

VICHY, Sept. 2.

Admiral Leluc has resigned command of the French naval forces and his post as Head of the Navy Secretariat which was entrusted to him by Admiral Darlan, says the Vichy News Agency.

He is replaced at both posts by Admiral Auphan who is the youngest officer holding Admiral's rank in the French Navy.

Admiral Auphan was entrusted with the reorganisation of the French mercantile marine.

Admiral Leluc was one of the French plenipotentiaries who signed the Armistice with Germany. He was regarded in French naval circles as a very competent sailor for whom a brilliant career was predicted.—Reuter.

PETAIN NEGOTIATES FINAL PEACE WITH AXIS

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Marshal Petain is negotiating the final peace with Italy and Germany.

This report is supported by Admiral Darlan's frequent visits to Paris in the last few days.—Reuter.

LAVAL'S CONDITION SATISFACTORY

VICHY, Sept. 2.

The condition of M. Pierre Laval continues to be "satisfactory", according to the latest medical bulletin issued from the hospital, states a Vichy News Agency.

M. Marcel Deat, the Bulletin adds, "has reached the convalescent stage and no more bulletins on his condition, will be published".—Reuter.

Berlin Wants Turkish Embassy To Shelter Germans In Iran

"Times" Asks For Firmness In Iran

ANKARA, September 2.

Germans have asked the Turkish Government for permission to house the German residents of Teheran in the Turkish Embassy there. The matter is still under discussion.

It is believed the Turks have approached the British and Soviet authorities and that a reply is expected soon.

The Shah has not left the Capital and an emphatic denial of the report that he had, is the subject of a special announcement in Teheran on Monday.

"GERMANS WANT TO ENSLAVE IRANIS"

"All Germans in Iran are spies and enemies of the Iranian people" say leaflets dropped over Teheran by a Soviet plane. They want to make slaves of Iranians.

The leaflets warn the Iranians that the Germans for their own interests desire to draw Iran into a war against her friends, Russia." People of Iran, the hour has arrived for you to end Hitler's intrigues in Iran.

"Times" Asks For Firmness

The need for firmness in Iran is the theme of a leader in 'The Times" which says the immunity of Teheran from occupation by British and Russian forces can continue only if full confidence is felt in the fidelity of the Iranian Government to its undertakings and in its capacity to fulfil them.

"The Shah and his advisers appear to have supposed that they could continue to temporize, retaining in Iran Nazi agents whose presence was one way or another profitable to them and incurring no penalty at the hands of the Allies whose vital interests and repeated remonstrances were being ignored.

It must be admitted that this miscalculation is probably explicable by the halting and uncertain attitude too often adopted by British diplomacy in recent years.

Too many neutral countries, Iran among them, have learned to suppose that while opposition to German wishes led to unpleasant consequences, British interests could be ignored with comparative impunity.

The time had come, indeed it was long overdue, to demonstrate Britain's power to act and her will to conciliate.

These considerations make it all the more important that there should be no half heartedness and no half measures in the terms of settlement with the Iranian authorites.

The rumour that non-official Germans will merely be required to leave Iran within a week is not a little disquieting. Those who have not already escaped to Turkey or Afghanistan, should be made prisoners of war.—Reuter.

COMMUNIST CELLS IN PARIS

Heavy Punishments For Alleged Attempt At Setting Up

VICHY, August 2.

The drastic "anti-Communist" campaign in occupied France following the attack on M. Laval and M. Deat continues.

Two men accused of having attempted to establish Communist cells in Paris have been sentenced to 20 years' hard labour by a special tribunal there on Monday, says the Vichy News Agency. Two women were sentenced by the same court to 12 years' hard labour for having distributed Communist propaganda.

Five others were sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from 2 to five years and fined total of 10,300 francs.

The same agency also reports that 41 people were sentenced to three or four months' imprisonment and fined a thousand francs each in Paris on Monday.

ATTACK ON TURKEY NOT IMMINENT

Enemy Has Not Mustered Enough Force For Attack

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Details of Axis military forces on Turkey's frontiers were given by Mr. Martin Agronsky, Ankara correspondent of the National Broadcasting Company, in a broadcast to the United States this morning.

According to his figures the combined Nazi, Bulgarian and Italian forces near the Turkish frontier amount to 16 divisions plus a further four Nazi divisions in Bulgaria.

Even putting together all the Bulgarian, Italian and German troops at the moment available near Turkey's frontier, the Germans do not yet muster enough forces to attack the Turks safely now or in the near future, says Mr. Agronsky.

It is rumoured here that a German attack is imminent. However, according to these dispositions, it cannot be seen how they can attack, adds the correspondent.—Reuter.

Fatal Car Accident In Surrey To Churchill's Grand Aunt

LONDON, Sept. 2.

Lady Edward Spencer Churchill, a grand aunt of the Prime Minister was killed and her daughter, Beryl Lady Cowdray, seriously injured in a car accident in Cobham, Surrey, on Monday.

The car crashed into a tree. The chauffeur was badly injured.

Lady Edward married in 1874—the year the Prime Minister was born—Lord Edward Spencer Churchill, one of whose nephews, Lord Randolph Spencer Churchill, was the Prime Minister's father.

Even in advanced years Lady Edward displayed outstanding physical and mental vigour.

For years she was a leading figure in the women's section of the British Legion and travelled all over Europe and America representing the Legion.—Reuter.

NUTS AND TEA INCINERATED IN AHMEDABAD BLAZE

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 2.

A fire broke in early hours of the morning at the Rice Market at Kalupur where many bags of nuts and cases of tea were burnt away, which were kept in underground stores of a building of Taiyab & Co. The damage is estimated at Rs. 10,000. Due to severe smoke the firemen had to put on gasmasks.

CHOLERA EPIDEMIC IN SRINAGAR

SRINAGAR, Sept. 1.

Cholera has broken out in an epidemic form in Srinagar. Arrangements for inoculations on a mass scale are being made.—A. P.

BENGAL COUNCIL ADJOURNS.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

Tributes of love and respect were paid to the memory of the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan in the Bengal Legislative Council this afternoon. As a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the House adjourned for the day without transacting any business.—A. P.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.

Arrangements are being made to permit United States Army Pilots to resign from service in order, as civilians, to fly Pan-American planes on the new ferry and air transport service to Africa, informed quarters here indicated to-day.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

THE ROAR OF A PLANE, THEN--- BULLETS FROM AN EMPTY SKY!
HE'S GONE! RUN FOR IT!
4-17
Copr. 1940, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
THERE AIN'T NOTHIN' TO SHOOT AT, MAJOR!
AN INVISIBLE PLANE!
MAJOR, IF YOU KNOW ANYTHING ABOUT THIS, LET'S HAVE IT!
INSPECTOR WADE, I DO KNOW SOMETHING! I SUSPECT ENEMY AGENTS HAVE GOTTEN HOLD OF ONE OF THE GREATEST SECRETS OF THE EMPIRE!

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